

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Intercrete 4840 Grey Part B

Section 1. Identification

Intercrete 4840 Grey Part B NXA481

: GHS product identifier

: Product code

Identified uses	
Professional application of coatings and inks	
Uses advised against	Reason
All Other Uses	
International Paint Ltd. Stoneygate Lane Felling Gateshead Tyne and Wear NE10 0JY UK Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111 Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711	: Supplier's details
+44 (0)191 469 6111 (24H)	: Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)
+966 55 388 0087	: <u>National advisory body/</u> <u>Poison Centre (For use only</u> <u>by licensed medical</u> <u>professionals.)</u>
sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com	: e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS
Section 2. Hazards identification	
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Res irritation) - Category 3 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	: Classification of the substance or mixture
GHS label elements	
	: Hazard pictograms
Danger	: Signal word
Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. Toxic to aquatic life.	: Hazard statements

Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazards identification	
Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing dust. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	: Prevention
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.	: Response
Store locked up.	: Storage
Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	: Disposal
Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.	 Supplemental label elements

: Other hazards which do not result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

None known.

: Substance/mixture

Classification	CAS number	% by weight	Ingredient name
Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	65997-15-1	≥10 - ≤25	Cement, portland, chemicals
Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	1305-62-0	≤3	calcium dihydroxide
Ox. Sol. 3, H272 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	7632-00-0	<1	sodium nitrite

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately : **Eye contact** flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Section 4. First aid measures

occurrent and measures		
Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	:	Inhalation
Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	:	Skin contact
Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	:	Ingestion
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effects		
Causes serious eye damage.		Eye contact
May cause respiratory irritation.		Inhalation
Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		Skin contact
Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.	i	Ingestion
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		Evo contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	•	Eye contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	:	Inhalation
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness	:	Skin contact
blistering may occur		

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large	:	Notes to physician
quantities have been ingested or inhaled.		
No specific treatment.	:	Specific treatments
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it	:	Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.





Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

None known.

This material is toxic to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains : **Environme** and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with **HEPA** filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry : into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing

- : Unsuitable extinguishing media
- : Specific hazards arising from the chemical
- : Hazardous thermal decomposition products
- : Special protective actions for fire-fighters
- : Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: For emergency responders

: For non-emergency

personnel

- : Environmental precautions
- : Small spill
- : Large spill

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits	Ingredient name
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction	Cement, portland, chemicals
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	calcium dihydroxide

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure : they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before : **Hygiene measures** eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

- : Protective measures
- : Advice on general occupational hygiene
- : Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- : Appropriate engineering controls
- : Environmental exposure controls

: Eye/face protection





Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and			
 being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must 	against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be	:	Hand protection
selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must	being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist	:	Body protection
standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must	selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be	:	Other skin protection
	standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must	:	Respiratory protection

the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Solid.	: Physical state
Grey.	: Colour
Odourless.	: Odour
Not available.	: Odour threshold
Not applicable.	: pH
Not available.	: Melting point
Not available.	: Boiling point
Closed cup: Not applicable.	: Flash point
Not available.	: Evaporation rate
Not available.	: Flammability (solid, gas)
Not available.	: Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits
Not available.	: Vapour pressure
Not available.	: Vapour density
1.85	: Relative density
Not available.	: Solubility
Not available.	: Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water
Not available.	: Auto-ignition temperature
Not available.	: Decomposition temperature
Kinematic (room temperature): Not applicable.	: Viscosity

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Section 11 Toxicological information	
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	: Hazardous decomposition products
No specific data.	: Incompatible materials
No specific data.	: Conditions to avoid
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	: Possibility of hazardous reactions
The product is stable.	: Chemical stability
No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	: Reactivity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Exposure	Dose	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
-	7340 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	calcium dihydroxide

Irritation/Corrosion

Observation	Exposure	Score	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
-	10 milligrams 24 hours 500 milligrams			Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Mild irritant	calcium dihydroxide sodium nitrite

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Target organs	Route of exposure	Category	Name
Respiratory tract irritation	Not applicable.	Category 3	Cement, portland, chemicals
Respiratory tract irritation	Not applicable.	Category 3	calcium dihydroxide

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.	: Information on likely routes of exposure
Potential acute health effects	
Causes serious eye damage.	: Eye contact
May cause respiratory irritation.	: Inhalation
Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	: Skin contact
Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.	: Ingestion
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	: Eye contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	: Inhalation
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	: Skin contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	: Ingestion
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-te	<u>erm exposure</u>
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Not available.	: Potential immediate effects
Not available.	: Potential delayed effects
Long term exposure	
Not available.	: Potential immediate effects
Not available.	: Potential delayed effects
Potential chronic health effects	
Not available.	
Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.	: General
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Carcinogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Mutagenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Teratogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Developmental effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Fertility effects
Numerical measures of toxicity	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.



Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Exposure	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
96 hours	Fish - Clarias gariepinus - Fingerling	Acute LC50 33884.4 µg/l Fresh water	calcium dihydroxide
72 hours	Algae - Tetraselmis chuii	Acute EC50 159000 µg/l Marine water	sodium nitrite
96 hours	Algae - Tetraselmis chuii	Acute EC50 1600000 µg/l Marine water	
48 hours	Crustaceans - Cherax quadricarinatus	Acute LC50 1100 µg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Ictalurus punctatus - Fingerling	Acute LC50 48 µg/l Fresh water	
35 days	Fish - Hippocampus abdominalis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	Chronic NOEC 0.912 mg/l Marine water	

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Potential	BCF	LogPow	Product/ingredient name
low	-	-3.7	sodium nitrite

<u>Mobility in soil</u>

Not available.

: Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Other adverse effects

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: Disposal methods

Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG	UN	
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	UN number
-	-	-	UN proper shipping name
-	-	-	Transport hazard class(es)
		1	l

K.International.

Section 14. Transport information

Not available. Section 15. Regul	atory information		Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code Safety, health and	
Not available.		:	to Annex II of Marpol and	
	Not available.		to Annex II of Marpol and	
	nises: always transport in closed on at persons transporting the product illage.		Special precautions for user	
Not applicable.	:	: IMDG Code Segregation group		
The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	-	-	Additional information	
	No.	No.	Environmental hazards	
No.				

Section 16. Other information

Justification

Justification	Classification	
Calculation method Calculation method	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	
Calculation method	Skin Sens. 1, H317	
Calculation method	STOT SE 3, H335	
Calculation method	Aquatic Acute 2, H401	
History	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
25/04/2017	: Date of printing	
25/04/2017	: Date of issue/Date of revision	
10/06/2016	: Date of previous issue	
3	: Version	
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Class IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association Composed and the Association IBC = International Convention for the 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. (" UN = United Nations	n oods ition coefficient Prevention of Pollution From Ships,	
Not available.	: References	
Indicates information that has changed f	om previously issued version.	
Notice to reader		
Date of issue/Date of revision : 25/04/201		
/ersion : 3	AkzoNob	e

Section 16. Other information

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

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