In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substance and Material Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Chartek 7E Blue Part A

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : Chartek 7E Blue Part A

Product code : HCA765

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses			
Professional application of coatings and inks			
Uses advised against	Reason		
All Other Uses			

C. Manufacturer	: International Farg AB Holmedalen 3 Aspereds Industriomrade SE-424 22 Angered Sweden
	Tel: +46 (0) 31 928500 Fax: +46 (0) 31 928530
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +46 8 33 12 31
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

:

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing dust. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
C. Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	Common name	CAS number	%	Classification
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	phenoxy resin	25068-38-6	≥40 - <50	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
				Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
boric acid	boric acid	10043-35-3	≥20 - <30	Repr. 1B, H360FD (Fertility and Unborn child)
glass, oxide, chemicals	glass, oxide, chemicals	65997-17-3	<10	Carc. 1B, H350
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	phosphoric acid, zinc salt	7779-90-0	≥1 - <5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400
	(2:3)			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
titanium dioxide	Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	≥0.1 - <5	Carc. 2, H351
Natural graphite	graphite, natural	7782-42-5	<10	Not classified.
triphenyl phosphate	triphenyl phosphate	115-86-6	<1	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
В.	Skin contact	:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
D.	Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
E.	Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

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Section 5. Firefighting measures

C.	Special protective equipment for fire- fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Special precautions for fire-fighters		Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Α.	Personal precautions,	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
	protective equipment		Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from
	and emergency		entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation.
	procedures		Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate
	•		personal protective equipment.

B. Environmental precautions
 Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

C. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep.
Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled
waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container.
Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill: Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry
into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation.
Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place
in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal
contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13
for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.



Section 7. Handling and storage

B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
 Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. <u>Control parameters</u>

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
boric acid	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 6 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form:
	Inhalable fraction
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
glass, oxide, chemicals	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,
	8/2013).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: fibers
titanium dioxide	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,
	8/2013).
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total dust with less than 1% of free SiO2
Natural graphite	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,
natural graphite	8/2013).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
triphenyl phosphate	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,
	8/2013).
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

В.	Appropriate engineering	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process
	controls		enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker
			exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure
exposure controls	they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some
-	cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process
	equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

C. Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

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K.International.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

A. Appearance

А.	<u>Appearance</u>		
	Physical state	:	Solid.
	Colour	:	Blue.
В.	Odour	:	Odourless.
C.	Odour threshold	:	Not available.
D.	рН	:	Not applicable.
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.
F.	Boiling point/boiling	:	Not available.
	range		
G.	Flash point	:	Closed cup: 101°C (213.8°F)
	Fire point	4	Not available.
Н.	Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
I.	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
J.	Lower and upper	:	Not available.
	explosive (flammable) limits		
Κ.	Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
L.	Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Μ.	Vapour density	:	Not available.
Ν.	Relative density	:	1.46
О.	Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not available.
	octanol/water		
Ρ.	Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
0	Decomposition		Not available.
હ્ય.	temperature	•	
	•		

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K.International.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

R. Viscosity

: Kinematic (room temperature): Not applicable.

S. Molecular weight : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	No specific data.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information or routes of exp	-	Not available.
Potential acu	te health effect	t <u>s</u>
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Skin contac	t :	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
<u>Over-exposu</u>	<u>re signs/sympt</u>	<u>oms</u>
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contac	t :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

:

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
triphenyl phosphate	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	>7900 mg/kg 3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

X.International.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 microliters	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
boric acid	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 15 milligrams Intermittent	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-

Sensitisation

Not available.

CMR - ISHA Article 42 Public Notice No 2013-38 Occupational Exposure Limits

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Classification
Mineral wool fiber	65997-17-3	Carc. 2
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Carc. 2

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

:

General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.





XInternational.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Teratogenicity **Developmental effects**

- : May damage the unborn child.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Fertility effects**
- : May damage fertility.

ATE value

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
boric acid	Acute LC50 84.28 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 133000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Ptychocheilus lucius - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 6000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	87 days
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 1.08 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute IC50 0.136 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute LC50 0.09 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.08 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.036 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Adult	25 days
triphenyl phosphate	Acute EC50 2000 μg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 225 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Fingerling	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 55 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Fingerling	30 days

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy	-	-	Not readily
resin trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	-	Not readily

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy	2.64 to 3.78	-	low
resin boric acid	-1.09	-	low
titanium dioxide triphenyl phosphate	- 4.63	352 190.546071796	low low

D. Mobility in soil

:

XInternational

Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. A. Disposal methods Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

B. Disposal precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
shipping name HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin, trizinc bis(orthophosphate))		ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin, trizinc bis(orthophosphate)). Marine pollutant	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin, trizinc bis(orthophosphate))
C. Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9
D. Packing group	Ш	Ш	111
E. Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
F. Additional information	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6. 1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

IMDG Code Segregation group

: Not applicable.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.



Section 15. Regulatory information

	ISHA article 37 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	:	None of the components are listed.			
	ISHA article 38 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	:	None of the components are listed.			
	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	:	Not applicable.			
	Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors					
	The following components boric acid glass, oxide, chemicals titanium dioxide Natural graphite Triphenylphosphate and n		ave an OEL: sures which contain 25% or more			
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-3 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)	:	None of the components are listed.			
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-4 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	:	The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide; Graphite			
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 12-2 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	:	None of the components are listed.			
	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: Zinc and its compounds; Titanium dioxide			
В.	Regulation according to (Ch	emicals Control Act			
	K-Reach Article 20 (Toxic chemicals)	:	Not applicable			
	K-Reach Article 27 (Prohibited)		None of the components are listed.			
	K-Reach Article 27 (Restricted)	:	None of the components are listed.			
	CSCA Article 11 (TRI)		The following components are listed: 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene) bisphenol polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane; Zinc and its compounds; Boron and its compounds			
	Korea inventory		Not determined.			
	CSCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	None of the components are listed.			
C.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Not available.			

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X.International.

Section 15. Regulatory information

D.	Wastes regulation	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Ε.	Regulation according to	oth	<u>ier foreign laws</u>
	Europe inventory	:	Not determined.
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	Not determined.
	Japan inventory	:	Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
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Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	:	Not available.
В.	Date of issue/Date of revision	:	01/06/2017
С.	Version	:	3
	Date of printing	:	01/06/2017

D. Other

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemica IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient	Key to abbreviations	 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internatiate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
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Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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