In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substance and Material Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **INTERCHAR 1190 WHITE**

### Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

### A. Product name : INTERCHAR 1190 WHITE

Product code : HFA190

### B. <u>Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against</u>

Identified uses		
Professional application of coatings and inks		
Uses advised against	Reason	
All Other Uses		

C. Manufacturer	: International Farg AB Holmedalen 3 Aspereds Industriomrade SE-424 22 Angered Sweden
	Tel: +46 (0) 31 928500 Fax: +46 (0) 31 928530
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +46 8 33 12 31
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com

# Section 2. Hazards identification

- A. Hazard classification
- : CARCINOGENICITY Category 2
- B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol
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Signal word	ning	
Hazard statements	pected of causing cancer.	
Precautionary statement		
Prevention	ain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all s e been read and understood. Use personal protective equi	
Response	xposed or concerned: Get medical attention.	
Storage	e locked up.	
Disposal	oose of contents and container in accordance with all local, international regulations.	regional, national
Supplemental label elements	ar appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.	

### Section 2. Hazards identification

C. Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	Common name	CAS number	%	Classification
titanium dioxide	Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	≥10 - <15	Carc. 2, H351
ammonia	AMMONIA, AQUEOUS (30% NH3)	1336-21-6	<10	Skin Corr. 1, H314
				Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
В.	Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
D.	Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Ε.	Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
	Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
: Date	e of issue/Date of revision	: 01	V/06/2017 AkzoNobel

### **Section 4. First aid measures**

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

S	Section 5. Firefighting measures		
Α.	Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special protective equipment for fire- fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
_	Special precautions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Α.	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
в.	Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
C. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		ntainment and cleaning up	
	Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
	Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

Α.	Precautions for safe handling		
	Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.	
	Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.	
в.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.	

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### A. <u>Control parameters</u>

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
titanium dioxide	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,
	8/2013). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total dust
	with less than 1% of free SiO2

В.		:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process
	controls		enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
	Environmental	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### C. Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists,

gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

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# K.International.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Α.	<u>Appearance</u>		
	Physical state	:	Liquid.
	Colour	:	White.
В.	Odour	:	Ammonia.
C.	Odour threshold	:	Not available.
D.	рН	:	Not applicable.
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	:	Lowest known value: 100°C (212°F) (water).
G.	Flash point	:	Closed cup: 101°C (213.8°F)
	Fire point	1	Not available.
Н.	Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
I.	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Κ.	Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
L.	Solubility	:	Soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Μ.	Vapour density	:	Not available.
N.	Relative density	:	1.43
Ο.	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Ρ.	Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Q.	Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
R.	Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 350 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (350 cSt)
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# **K**.International.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

S. Molecular weight

: Not applicable.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	No specific data.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Α.	Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
	Potential acute health ef	fec	ts
	Inhalation	:	Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
	Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Over-exposure signs/sy	npt	toms
	Inhalation	:	No specific data.
	Ingestion	:	No specific data.
	Skin contact	:	No specific data.
	Eye contact	:	No specific data.

### B. Health hazards

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ammonia	LD50 Oral	Rat	350 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-
ammonia	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 1 milligrams	-

### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

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### CMR - ISHA Article 42 Public Notice No 2013-38 Occupational Exposure Limits

# **X**.International.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Classification
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Carc. 2

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ammonia	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

### **Chronic toxicity**

Not available.

General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### ATE value

Route	Result
Oral	28560.8 mg/kg

## Section 12. Ecological information

### A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ammonia	Acute LC50 15000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

### B. Persistence and degradability

Not available.

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### C. Bioaccumulative potential

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# **X**.International.

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
titanium dioxide	-	352	low

- D. Mobility in soil Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)
- E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

A. Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
B. Disposal precaution	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be

taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
A. UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
B. UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
C. Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
D. Packing group	-	-	-
E. Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
F. Additional information	-	-	-

IMDG Code Segregation : Not applicable. group

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Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.



# X.International.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

	<u> </u>		
Α.	Regulation according to I	SF	
	ISHA article 37	:	None of the components are listed.
	(Harmful substances prohibited from		
	manufacture)		
	ISHA article 38		None of the components are listed.
	(Harmful substances	•	
	requiring permission)		
	Article 2 of Youth	:	Not applicable.
	Protection Act on		
	Substances Hazardous to Youth		
		ica	al Substances and Physical Factors
	The following components		
	titanium dioxide		
	ISHA Enforcement Regs	:	None of the components are listed.
	Annex 11-3 (Exposure		
	standards established for harmful factors)		
	•		The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide
	Annex 11-4 (Harmful	•	The following components are index. Thanking alonge
	factors subject to Work		
	Environment		
	Measurement)		None of the components are listed
	Annex 12-2 (Harmful	:	None of the components are listed.
	Factors Subject to		
	Special Health Check-		
	up)		
	Standard of Industrial	:	The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide
	Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous		
	substances subject to		
	control)		
В.	3. <u>Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act</u>		
	K-Reach Article 20	:	Not applicable
	(Toxic chemicals) K-Reach Article 27		None of the components are listed
	(Prohibited)	•	None of the components are listed.
	K-Reach Article 27	:	None of the components are listed.
	(Restricted)	-	
	CSCA Article 11 (TRI)	:	None of the components are listed.
	Korea inventory	:	Not determined.
	CSCA Article 39	:	None of the components are listed.
	(Accident Precaution		
•	Chemicals)		
C.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Not available.
р	Wastes regulation		Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national
۵.		•	and international regulations.
Е.	Regulation according to o	oth	er foreign laws
	Europe inventory	:	Not determined.

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	: Not determined.
Japan inventory	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	:	Not available.	
В.	Date of issue/Date of revision	:	01/06/2017	
C.	Version	:	3	
	Date of printing	:	01/06/2017	
D.	Other			
Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.				
	Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations	

#### Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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