

Safety Data Sheet**QHA023 INTERZINC 22 LOW LEAD ZINC DUST PT B****Version No. 1 Revision Date 11/09/13****1. Product and company identification**

1.1. Product identifier	INTERZINC 22 LOW LEAD ZINC DUST PT B
Product Code	QHA023
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Intended use	Refer Technical Data Sheet. For professional use only.
Application Method	Refer Technical Data Sheet.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	
Manufacturer	International Paint Sdn Bhd Lot 1 & 2, Jalan Gangsa Pasir Gudang 81700 Malaysia
Telephone No.	(07) 254 1128
Fax No.	(07) 251 4775
1.4. Emergency telephone number	(07) 254 1126
For Poisons Advice telephone	For Advice to Doctors & Hospitals only

2. Hazard identification of the product**2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

Aquatic Chronic 1;H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 & 12 the product is labelled as follows.

**Warning**

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

[Prevention]:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

[Response]:

P391 Collect spillage.

[Storage]:**[Disposal]:**

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following hazardous substances.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Zinc Dust CAS Number: 0007440-66-6	>50	Water react. 1;H260 Pyr. Sol. 1;H250 Aquatic Acute 1;H400 Aquatic Chronic 1;H410	[1]

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

*The full texts of the Hazard (H) phrases are shown in Section 16.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence do not require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation

Not expected to be acutely toxic by inhalation.

All dusts are irritants, therefore inhalation of dusts should be avoided. Exposures to high dust concentrations may cause irritation to the mucous membrane of the respiratory system and the eyes. Symptoms may include reddening, swelling, itching, weeping, sneezing and coughing.

Wash out nose and mouth with water. Remove to fresh air if any effects apparent. Seek medical attention if any effects persist.

Skin Contact

Skin contact may cause irritation.

Wash effected areas with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

Eye Contact

Expected to cause no more than minor eye irritation. Dust in the eyes may cause irritation or corneal injury due to mechanical action.

Irrigate copiously with clean fresh water for 10 minutes, holding eyelids apart. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion

Extremely large oral doses may produce gastrointestinal disturbances, both due to the mechanical effects and the possibility of reaction with gastric juices to produce zinc chloride. Pain, stomach cramps and nausea could occur in aggravated cases.

Thoroughly rinse mouth with clean water.

If swallowed DO NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to achieve effective dilution. Seek medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing media; alcohol resistant foam, CO₂ powder.

Do not use; water jet or spray.

Note; Fire will produce dense black smoke. Decomposition products may be hazardous to health. Avoid exposure and use breathing apparatus as appropriate.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire by spraying them with water. Do not allow run off water and contaminants from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire will produce dense black smoke. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Avoid exposure and use breathing apparatus as appropriate.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Cool closed containers exposed to fire by spraying them with water. Do not allow run off water and contaminants from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment as listed in Section 8 during clean up operations.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or watercourses.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Vacuum spills to keep dust down, do not sweep. Ventilate area.

Do not allow into water courses.

If drains, sewers, streams or lakes are contaminated contact the relevant Environment Protection Agency or local authority.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling

Handle carefully as the powder is very fine and can spread. Handlers of powders should wash hands and face prior to meals and smoking.

In Storage

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Naked flames and smoking should not be permitted in storage areas. It is recommended that fork lift trucks and electrical equipment are protected to the appropriate standard.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from the following materials: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Store in a cool dry area (below 25C), away from heat, sparks and open flame.

Keep containers sealed when not in use.

Store out of direct sunlight.

There are no exposure scenarios, see details in section 1.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of dust. Observe label precautions. Use personal protection equipment as shown in section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in all preparation and application areas.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure standards are those provided by the ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists).

Material	Short term (15 min. ave)		Long term (8hr time weighted average)		Comments
	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/M3	
Zinc Dust	-	20	-	10-	

Key to notification

(P) Peak exposure limit

(R) Suppliers Recommended Limit

(Sk) There is a risk of absorption through unbroken skin

(Sen) Sensitiser

(Cat1) Category 1 - established human carcinogen

(Cat2) Category 2 - probable human carcinogen

(Cat3) Category 3 - substances suspected of having carcinogenic potential

DNEL/PNEC values

No Data Available

8.2. Exposure controls

Provide adequate ventilation when handling this material. If possible handle in the open.

Eye Protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields to protect the eyes. An eye wash station is suggested as a good workplace practice.

Skin Protection

Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Other

Overalls should be worn. Barrier creams may help to protect areas which are difficult to cover such as the face and neck. Petroleum jelly based types such as Vaseline should not be used. All parts of the body should be washed after contact.

Respiratory Protection

When concentrations exceed the exposure limits shown above, workers must wear appropriate approved respirators. Provision of other controls such as exhaust ventilation should be considered if practical.

Thermal hazards

No Data Available

9. Physical and chemical properties

Colour	Grey Powder
Odour	No smell
Odour threshold	Not Measured
pH	N/A
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Measured
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	
Flash Point (C)	
Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)	Not Measured
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower Explosive Limit: No data available Upper Explosive Limit: No data available
Vapour pressure (Pa)	Not Measured
Vapour Density	Heavier than air.
Specific Gravity	7.10
Solubility in Water	Immiscible
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not Measured
Autoignition temperature (°C)	Not Measured
Decomposition temperature	Not Measured
Viscosity (cSt)	N/A

9.2. Other information

No further information

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No data available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Moist zinc dust produces hydrogen which can ignite explosively if concentrations are allowed to build up.

Zinc dust can also react exothermically and ignite spontaneously in air.

Zinc metal, when melted, produces zinc vapour which oxidizes and condenses in air to form zinc fume.

Zinc powder can react violently with water, sulphur and halogens. Keep away from oxidising agents, lower molecular weight chlorinated hydrocarbons, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid possible exothermic reactions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May react exothermically with: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from the following materials: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fire will produce dense black smoke. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Avoid exposure and use breathing apparatus as appropriate.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme

cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

The preparation has been assessed using the Acute Toxicity Data listed below, and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See section 2 for details.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapour LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr
Zinc Dust - (7440-66-6)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Item	Category	Hazard
Acute Toxicity (mouth)	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Acute Toxicity (skin)	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Acute Toxicity (inhalation)	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Eye damage/irritation	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Sensitization (respiratory)	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Sensitization (skin)	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Germ toxicity	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Reproductive Toxicity	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Specific target organ systemic toxicity (single exposure)	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Specific target organ systemic Toxicity (repeated exposure)	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard	Not Classified	Not Applicable

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and is not classified as dangerous for the environment, but contains substance(s) dangerous for the environment. See section 3 for details

There are no data available on the product itself.

The product should not be allowed to enter drains or water courses.

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Zinc Dust - (7440-66-6)	0.182, <i>Oncorhynchus tshawytscha</i>	0.068, <i>Daphnia magna</i>	0.106 (72 hr), <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Vacuum spills to keep dust down, do not sweep.

Do not allow into drains or watercourses.

As waste regulations vary, use information provided in this data sheet to obtain advice from the local Waste Regulation Authority.

14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name Non hazardous

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Road and Rail Transport Non hazardous

IMDG Class/Div Sub Class
reference :

Ems

ICAO/IATA Class Sub Class

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

Road and Rail Environmentally Hazardous: Yes
Transport

IMDG Marine Pollutant: Yes (Zinc Powder)
reference :

14.6. Special precautions for user

No further information

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not Applicable

15. Regulatory information

The product and all its components complies with these local regulations:

NICNAS - Australia
EPA - New Zealand

None noted.

16. Other information

The information on this SDS is based upon the present state of our knowledge and on current law. The product should not be used for purposes other than shown in the product data sheet without first obtaining written advice.

It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to meet the demands of applicable legislation.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required according to legislation.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H250 Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air.

H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**This SDS is valid for 5 years from the revised date on page 1.
The revision date is in American format (e.g. MM/DD/YY).**

End of document



All information concerning this product and/or suggestions for handling and use contained herein are offered in good faith and are believed to be reliable. Akzo Nobel however makes no warranty as to the accuracy of and/or sufficiency of such information.

Semua maklumat berkenaan produk ini dan/atau cadangan untuk pengendalian dan penggunaan yang terkandung di sini adalah benar dan boleh dipercayai. Walau bagaimanapun, Akzo Nobel tidak memberi jaminan akan maklumat yang tepat dan/atau mencukupi.