SAFETY DATA SHEET Enviroline 124 Patch Kit Part B

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier Product code : Enviroline 124 Patch Kit Part B

: NVA105

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Professional application of coatings and inks		
Uses advised against	Reason	
All Other Uses		

Supplier's details	:	International Paint (PTY) Ltd 1 Paints Place Dickens Road Umbogintwini KZN 4120, South Africa Tel: +27 31 904 8000 +27 31 904 8000 (24hr)
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	10177 (For use only by licensed medical professionals.)
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	:	sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	

Signal word

: Danger

: 28/02/2018



Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Combustible liquid. Toxic if inhaled. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage fertility. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not breathe gas, vapour or spray.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number	Classification
rystalline silica, respirable powder	≥25 - ≤50	14808-60-7	STOT RE 1, H372
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	≤10	111-40-0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
bisphenol A	≤7.6	80-05-7	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360 (Fertility) STOT SE 3, H335
benzyl alcohol	≤5	100-51-6	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

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Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	≤2.7	135108-88-2	Acute Tox. 4, H302
			Skin Corr. 1C, H314
			Skin Sens. 1, H317
			STOT RE 2, H373 (oral)
			Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	≤3	90-72-2	Acute Tox. 4, H312
			Skin Corr. 1C, H314
			Skin Sens. 1, H317
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	≤2.2	1761-71-3	Acute Tox. 4, H302
			Skin Corr. 1B, H314
			Skin Sens. 1, H317
			STOT RE 2, H373 (oral)
			Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed



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Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effec	ts
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled. May give off gas, vapour or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	toms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate med	ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.



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Section 5. Firefighting measures

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for cor	nta	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or
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Section 7. Handling and storage

	not in use. source. Us equipment.	d alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition e explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	nandled, sto eating, drin equipment	king and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is bred and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before king and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	area. Store ventilated a drink. Store naterials. I hat have be eakage. D	cordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved e in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- rea, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and e locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers een opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent o not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to pomental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
crystalline silica, respirable powder	DOL OEL (South Africa, 8/1995). TWA: 0.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust			
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	DOL OEL (South Africa, 8/1995). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total inhalable dust			
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	DOL OEL (South Africa, 8/1995). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.			
titanium dioxide	DOL OEL (South Africa, 8/1995). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total inhalable dust			

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures



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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures Eye/face protection		Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk
		assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Colour	: White.	
Odour	: Solvent.	
Odour threshold	: Not available.	
рН	: Not available.	
Melting point	: Not available.	
Boiling point	: Not available.	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 93°C (199.4°F)	
Evaporation rate	: Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1% Upper: 10% (2,2'-iminodiethylam	ine)
Vapour pressure	: Not available.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 28/02/2018	kzoNob

NVA105 Enviroline 124 Patch Kit Part B

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.7
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 1168 mm ² /s (1168 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.07 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1090 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1080 mg/kg	-
bisphenol A	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>4178 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1620 mg/kg	-
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2169 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
bisphenol A	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	250 milligrams	-
benzyl alcohol	Skin - Mild irritant	Man	-	48 hours 16	-



Section 11. Toxicological information

				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Pig	-	100 Percent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				milligrams	
2,4,6-tris	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
(dimethylaminomethyl)	-			Micrograms	
phenol					
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	0.025	-
				Mililiters	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	0.25 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				milligrams	
4,4'-methylenebis	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10	-
(cyclohexylamine)				microliters	

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
bisphenol A	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	Category 2	Oral	Not determined
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	Category 2	Oral	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled. May give off gas, vapour or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact Ingestion	 Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May be harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>zts</u>
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	4478.7 mg/kg
Dermal	10549 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	297.4 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	0.7871 mg/l



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Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
bisphenol A	Acute EC50 1.506 mg/l	Algae - Prorocentrum minimum - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 9940 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Young	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Tigriopus japonicus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.5 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Rivulus marmoratus - Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorolobion braunii - Exponential growth phase	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 10 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Tigriopus japonicus - Nauplii	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.86 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Chronic NOEC 0.2 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 175 mg/l	Fish - Carassius auratus - Adult Fish - Cyprinus carpio	90 days 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

LogPow	BCF	Potential	
-5.58	4.466835921	low	
3.4	43.651583224	low	
0.87	-	low	
0.219	-	low	
2.03	-	low	
	-5.58 3.4 0.87 0.219	-5.58 4.466835921 3.4 43.651583224 0.87 - 0.219 -	-5.58 4.466835921 Iow 3.4 43.651583224 Iow 0.87 - Iow 0.219 - Iow

<u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN2922	UN2922	UN2922
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (2,2'-iminodiethylamine, N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-2,2'- oxybis(ethylamine))	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (2,2'-iminodiethylamine, N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-2,2'- oxybis(ethylamine))	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC N.O.S. (2,2'- iminodiethylamine, N,N,N',N'- tetramethyl-2,2'-oxybis (ethylamine))
Transport hazard class(es)	8 (6.1)	8 (6.1)	8 (6.1)
Packing group	П	11	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	IMDG Code Segregation group 18 - Alkalis	-

IMDG Code Segregation group

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

: 28/02/2018

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory	list

Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.





Section 15. Regulatory information

Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Justification

Class	sification Justification
Fam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 5, H303 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360 (Fertility) STOT RE 1, H372	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 28/02/2018
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 28/02/2018
Date of previous issue	: 31/05/2017
Version	: 3
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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Section 16. Other information

of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

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