**AkzoNobel** 

# SAFETY DATA SHEET INTERZINC 52 GREY PART A

# Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

GHS product identifier

: INTERZINC 52 GREY PART A

Product code

: EPA142

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses			
Professional application of	f coatings and inks			
Use	s advised against		Reason	
All Other Uses				
Supplier's details	: International Farg AB Holmedalen 3 Aspereds Industriomrade SE-424 22 Angered Sweden Tel: +46 (0) 31 928500	e Fax: +46 (0) 31 928530		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +46 8 33 12 31			

operation)		
National advisory body/	:	+7 343 229 98 57
Poison Centre (For use only		
by licensed medical		
<u>professionals.)</u>		
e-mail address of person	:	sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com
responsible for this SDS		

Akzo Nobel N.V., International Paint Ltd., 1990020, St. Petersburg, Russia

Tel: +7 812 747 30 52 Fax: +7 812 747 30 51

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	

: 31/05/2017

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number	Classification
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	≥50 - ≤75	7440-66-6	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4, 1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]	≤10	25036-25-3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	≤9.5	64742-95-6	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
xylene	≤5	1330-20-7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
zinc oxide	≤5	1314-13-2	Aquatic Acute 1, H400
ate of issue/Date of revision : 31/05/2017	•		AkzoNobel

2/13





# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
butan-1-ol	≤2.6	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

# Potential acute health effectsEye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.Ingestion: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.Over-exposure signs/symptomsEye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br/>pain or irritation<br/>watering<br/>redness



# Section 4. First aid measures

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation		
irritation rednessIngestion: No specific data.Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessaryNotes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.Specific treatments: No specific treatment.Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. I may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation	Inhalation	headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessaryNotes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.Specific treatments: No specific treatment.Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. I may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation	Skin contact	irritation
Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.Specific treatments: No specific treatment.Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. I may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation	-	
quantities have been ingested or inhaled.         Specific treatments         Protection of first-aiders         No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. I may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation	Indication of immediate mee	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. I may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation	Notes to physician	
may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation	Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
gloves.	Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
personnel	Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from
-	entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources.
	No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist.
	Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is
	inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

4/13



## Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and material for cor	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	appropriate personal protective equipment (set of skin sensitization problems should not be er this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on s breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the ate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator whi t enter storage areas and confined spaces unles in the original container or an approved alternati al, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store ar lame or any other ignition source. Use explosion g and material handling) equipment. Use only n utionary measures against electrostatic discharg ct residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse	nployed in any process in kin or clothing. Do not ingest. environment. Use only with en ventilation is inadequate. ss adequately ventilated. ive made from a compatible nd use away from heat, sparks, on-proof electrical (ventilating, ion-sparking tools. Take ges. Empty containers retain
Advice on general occupational hygiene	, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in a ed, stored and processed. Workers should was , drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated nent before entering eating areas. See also Se ation on hygiene measures.	h hands and face before clothing and protective
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	in accordance with local regulations. Store in a Store in original container protected from direct ted area, away from incompatible materials (se Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are hea floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep I until ready for use. Containers that have been ed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not ppropriate containment to avoid environmental o	sunlight in a dry, cool and well- e Section 10) and food and avier than air and may spread o container tightly closed and opened must be carefully store in unlabelled containers.



# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
xylene		РО МинЗдраСоц ПДК (Russian Federation, 9/2011). TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: vapor and/ or gases CEIL: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: vapor and/or gases
zinc oxide		РО МинЗдраСоц ПДК (Russian Federation, 9/2011). TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Aerosol
butan-1-ol		CEIL: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Aerosol <b>РО МинЗдраСоц ПДК (Russian</b> <b>Federation, 9/2011).</b> TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: vapor and/ or gases CEIL: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: vapor and/or gases
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineerir contaminants below any reco	ation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ng controls to keep worker exposure to airborne mmended or statutory limits. The engineering controls ir or dust concentrations below any lower explosive entilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requiren cases, fume scrubbers, filters	work process equipment should be checked to ensure nents of environmental protection legislation. In some s or engineering modifications to the process to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	Ires	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the Appropriate techniques shoul Contaminated work clothing s	ace thoroughly after handling chemical products, before e lavatory and at the end of the working period. Id be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety kstation location.
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this is r gases or dusts. If contact is	th an approved standard should be used when a risk necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, possible, the following protection should be worn, ates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash
Skin protection		
Hand protection	against chemicals and micro- When prolonged or frequently class of 6 (breakthrough time recommended. When only br of 2 or higher (breakthrough t recommended. The user mu for handling this product is the particular conditions of use, a The selection of a specific glo workplace should also take ir not limited to: Other chemical puncture protection, dexterity materials, as well as the instr	s classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. y repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection e greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is ief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is st check that the final choice of type of glove selected e most appropriate and takes into account the is included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: ove for a particular application and duration of use in a to account all relevant workplace factors such as, but ls which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ y, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove uctions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. rotect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be ccurred.



# X.International.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: half-face mask APF4

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Ap</u>	<u>pearance</u>
-	-

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour	:	Grey.
Odour	:	Solvent.
Odour threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 30°C (86°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Vapour density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	2.93
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 188 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (188 cSt)

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Date of issue/Date of revision Version : 3.01	: 31/05/2017 AkzoNobel
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition<br/>products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal	Rat Rabbit	24 mg/l 3400 mg/kg	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### \_ . . . .

Carcinogenicity Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
butan-1-ol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

8/13





# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result		
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Symptoms related to the phy	/sic	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	:ts	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	:	Not available.
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates



# X.International.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Route	ATE value	
Oral Dermal Inhalation (vapours)	54465.6 mg/kg 25220.4 mg/kg 252.2 mg/l	

# Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	Acute EC50 0.572 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
,	Acute EC50 356 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.24 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 72.9 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days
	Chronic NOEC 178 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemon elegans	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2.6 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio	4 weeks
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Acute EC50 6.14 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 9.22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fish - Mykiss	96 hours
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute IC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983 to 2072 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1910 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
zinc oxide	-	-	Not readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
zinc oxide	-	60960	high
butan-1-ol	1	-	low

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# Section 12. Ecological information

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition
coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized), Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	111	111	111
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	No.
Additional information	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Special provisions</u> 640 (E) <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

IMDG Code Segregation group : Not applicable.

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# **X**.International.

# Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

#### International regulations

## Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

References

: STATE STANDARD OF RUSSIAN FEDERATION No. 19433-88 'Hazardous Cargo. Classification and Labelling' Labour Code of the Russian Federation No. 197-FZ of 30 December 2001

# Section 16. Other information

#### **Justification**

Classi	fica	tion	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1		I - Category 2 RRITATION - Category y 1 tegory 1	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
<u>History</u>			
Date of printing	:	31/05/2017	
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	31/05/2017	
Date of previous issue	:	30/05/2017	
Version	:	3.01	
Key to abbreviations	:	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
Date of issue/Date of revision Version : 3.01		: 31/05/2017 12/13	AkzoNobel

## Section 16. Other information

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships. 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

**X**International

References

: Not available. Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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