In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substance and Material Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Enviroline 405HTR Dueker Part B

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name

Symbol

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- : Enviroline 405HTR Dueker Part B
- **Product code** : NVA474

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses			
Professional application of coatings and inks			
Uses advised against	Reason		
All Other Uses			

C. Manufacturer	: International Farg AB Holmedalen 3 Aspereds Industriomrade SE-424 22 Angered Sweden
	Tel: +46 (0) 31 928500 Fax: +46 (0) 31 928530
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +46 8 33 12 31
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements :

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	

Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.



Section 2. Hazards identification

Response		Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
C. Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	Common name	CAS number	%	Classification
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	135108-88-2	≥10 - <20	Acute Tox. 4, H302
				Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
4,4'-methylenebis	Methylenedi	1761-71-3	≥10 - <20	Acute Tox. 4, H302
(cyclohexylamine)	(cyclohexylamine)			Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Mica-group minerals	Mica	12001-26-2	<10	Not classified.
iron hydroxide oxide yellow	C.I. Pigment Yellow 42	51274-00-1	≥5 - <10	Not classified.
Cashew, nutshell liq.	Cashew, nutshell liq.	8007-24-7	<10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

aluminium oxide	Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	≥1 - <5	Not classified.
	Aluminum oxide	1344-20-1	21- 5	Not classified.
xylene	xylene	1330-20-7	≥1 - <5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	diethylenetriamine	111-40-0	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
ethylbenzene	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≥0.1 - <5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact :	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
В.	Skin contact :	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
C.	Inhalation :	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Seek medical attention. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.



Section 4. First aid measures

D.	Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Е.	Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
	Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective equipment for fire- fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Special precautions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
	Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products Special protective equipment for fire- fighters Special precautions for	Suitable extinguishing media:Unsuitable extinguishing media:Specific hazards arising from the chemical:Hazardous thermal decomposition products:Special protective equipment for fire- fighters:Special precautions for:

Section 6. Accidental release measures

 A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.



Section 6. Accidental release measures

В.	Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
C.	Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
	Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
	Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Α.	Precautions for safe hand	ling	1
	Protective measures	 	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Advice on general occupational hygiene	r e	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is nandled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional nformation on hygiene measures.
В.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	f r t r	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. <u>Control parameters</u> Occupational exposure limits

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Mica-group minerals	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,
	8/2013).
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
aluminium oxide	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,
	8/2013).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total dust
	with less than 1% of free SiO2
xylene	고용노동부 (Republic of Korea, 8/2016).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,
	8/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,
	8/2013).
	STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m² 8 hours.

В.	Appropriate engineering controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
	Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some

cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

C. Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	 Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary according to EN529. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.



K.International.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	 Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Α.	Appearance		
	Physical state	:	Liquid.
	Colour	:	Yellow.
В.	Odour	:	Amine-like.
C.	Odour threshold	:	Not available.
D.	рН	:	Not applicable.
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	:	Lowest known value: >220°C (>428°F)(Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated).
G.	Flash point	:	Closed cup: 66°C (150.8°F)
	Fire point	:	Not available.
Н.	Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
I.	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Κ.	Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
L.	Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Μ.	Vapour density	:	Not available.
Ν.	Relative density	:	1.69
0.	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Ρ.	Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Q.	Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
R.	Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 23644 mm ² /s (23644 cSt)
S.	Molecular weight	:	Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

А.	Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reactions		The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.





Section 10. Stability and reactivity

C. Incompatible materials : No specific data.

D. Hazardous decomposition products
 C. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Α.	Information on likely	: Not available.

routes of exposure Potential acute health effects

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Inhalation	: May give off gas, vapour or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
<u>Over-exposure signs/s</u>	<u>symptoms</u>
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.07 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1090 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1080 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 microliters	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-

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X.International.

Section 11. Toxicological information

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ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 15 milligrams	-

Sensitisation

Not available.

CMR - ISHA Article 42 Public Notice No 2013-38 Occupational Exposure Limits

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Classification
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	Carc. 2

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene 2,2'-iminodiethylamine	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	Category 2	Oral	Not determined
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine) xylene ethylbenzene	Category 2 Category 1 Category 2	Oral Not determined Not determined	Not determined Not determined hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

General	 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.





Section 11. Toxicological information

Fertility effects

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

ATE value

Route	Result
Oral	1794.4 mg/kg
Dermal	21831 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	475.7 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	7.407 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18.4 to 25.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5.1 to 5.7 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	2.03	-	low
Cashew, nutshell liq.	>4.78	-	high
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	-5.58	4.466835921	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	15	low

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K_{oc})

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

 A. Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling



Section 13. Disposal considerations

is not feasible.

- **B.** Disposal precautions
- : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

•			
	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8
D. Packing group	Ш	11	II
E. Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
F. Additional information	-	-	-
MDG Code Segreg	tion · Not applicabl	Δ	l

IMDG Code Segregation : Not applicable. group

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Α.	Regulation according to	SH	A			
	ISHA article 37 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	:	None of the components are listed.			
	ISHA article 38 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	:	None of the components are listed.			
	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	:	Not applicable.			
	Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors					
	The following components Mica-group minerals aluminium oxide Xylene 2,2'-iminodiethylamine	s ha	ave an OEL:			

ethylbenzene

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X.International.

Section 15. Regulatory information

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	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-3 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)	:	None of the components are listed.	
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-4 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene, o,m,p-isomers; Iron oxide; Aluminum compounds; Mica	
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 12-2 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene; Iron oxide; Aluminum and compounds	
	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene; Iron and its compounds; Aluminum and its compounds	
В.	Regulation according to C	Che	emicals Control Act	
	K-Reach Article 20 (Toxic chemicals)	:	Not applicable	
	K-Reach Article 27 (Prohibited)	:	None of the components are listed.	
	K-Reach Article 27 (Restricted)	:	None of the components are listed.	
	CSCA Article 11 (TRI)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene; Ethylbenzene; Aluminium and its compounds	
	Korea inventory	:	Not determined.	
	CSCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	None of the components are listed.	
C.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited	
D.	Wastes regulation	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Е.	Regulation according to c	ording to other foreign laws		
	Europe inventory	:	Not determined.	
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	Not determined.	
	Japan inventory	:	Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.	

Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	:	Not available.
В.	Date of issue/Date of revision	:	05/11/2018
C.	Version	:	3
	Date of printing	:	05/11/2018
D.	Other		



Section 16. Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.			
-	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations		

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

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