

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## **Chartek 7E Yellow Part B**

## **Section 1. Identification**

#### Chartek 7E Yellow Part B HCA769

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: GHS product identifier

: Product code

Identified uses	
Professional application of coatings and inks	
Uses advised against	Reason
All Other Uses	
International Farg AB Holmedalen 3 Aspereds Industriomrade SE-424 22 Angered Sweden	: Supplier's details
Tel: +46 (0) 31 928500 Fax: +46 (0) 31 928530	
+46 8 33 12 31	: Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)
+966 55 388 0087	: <u>National advisory body/</u> <u>Poison Centre (For use only</u> <u>by licensed medical</u> <u>professionals.)</u>
sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com	: e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS
Section 2. Hazards identification	
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	: Classification of the substance or mixture
GHS label elements	: Hazard pictograms
Danger Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. <b>Precautionary statements</b>	: Signal word : Hazard statements
Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to environment. Avoid breathing dust. Wash hands thoroughly after han Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace	dling.

# **X**.International

# Section 2. Hazards identificationCollect spillage. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off<br/>contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs:<br/>Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.<br/>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately<br/>call a POISON CENTER or physician.<br/>Not applicable.: ResponseDispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national<br/>and international regulations.: StorageWear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.: Supplemental label<br/>elements

None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

: Substance/mixture

: Other hazards which do not result in classification

Classification	CAS number	% by weight	Ingredient name
Eye Dam. 1, H318	64754-99-0	≥25 - ≤50	Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, compds. with polyethylenepolyamine-tall-oil fatty acid reaction products
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	115-86-6	≤10	triphenyl phosphate
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	287922-11-6	≤5	Man-made vitreous (silicate) fibres
Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317	90-72-2	<5	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol
Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	112-57-2	<1	3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately : flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

: 01/06/2017

- : Eye contact
- : Inhalation

: Skin contact

: Ingestion

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

i otential acute meanin enects		
Causes serious eye damage.	:	Eye contact
May give off gas, vapour or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.	:	Inhalation
Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	:	Skin contact
Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.	:	Ingestion
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	:	Eye contact
No specific data.	:	Inhalation
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	:	Skin contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	:	Ingestion

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	:	Notes to physician
No specific treatment.	:	Specific treatments
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing	:	Protection of first-aiders

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: Suitable extinguishing

media : Unsuitable extinguishing None known. media This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water : Specific hazards arising contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being from the chemical discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. Decomposition products may include the following materials: : Hazardous thermal carbon dioxide decomposition products carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if : Special protective actions there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without for fire-fighters suitable training. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained : Special protective breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure equipment for fire-fighters mode. Section 6. Accidental release measures Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. : For non-emergency Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from personnel entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any : For emergency responders information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains : Environmental precautions and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with : Small spill HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry : Large spill into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

for waste disposal.

contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits	Ingredient name
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	triphenyl phosphate

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before : **Hygiene measures** eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### Skin protection



- : Protective measures
- : Advice on general occupational hygiene
- : Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- : Appropriate engineering controls
- : Environmental exposure controls

: Eye/face protection





## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.	:	Hand protection
Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	:	Body protection
Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	:	Other skin protection
Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and	:	Respiratory protection

the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	
Solid.	: Physical state
Yellow.	: Colour
Amine-like.	: Odour
Not available.	: Odour threshold
Not applicable.	: pH
Not available.	: Melting point
Not available.	: Boiling point
Closed cup: 101°C (213.8°F)	: Flash point
Not available.	: Evaporation rate
Not available.	: Flammability (solid, gas)
Not available.	: Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits
Not available.	: Vapour pressure
Not available.	: Vapour density
1.28	: Relative density
Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.	: Solubility
Not available.	: Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water
Not available.	: Auto-ignition temperature
Not available.	: Decomposition temperature
Kinematic (room temperature): Not applicable.	: Viscosity

# X.International.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Section 11 Toxicological information	
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	: Hazardous decomposition products
No specific data.	: Incompatible materials
No specific data.	: Conditions to avoid
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	: Possibility of hazardous reactions
The product is stable.	: Chemical stability
No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	: Reactivity

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Exposure	Dose	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
-	>7900 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	triphenyl phosphate
-	3500 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
-	1280 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Dermal	2,4,6-tris
				(dimethylaminomethyl)
				phenol
-	2169 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
-	660 uL/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	3,6,
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			9-triazaundecamethylenediamine
-	3990 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Observation	Exposure	Score	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
-	24 hours 50 Micrograms	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol
-	0.025 Mililiters	-	Rat	Skin - Mild irritant	
-	0.25 Mililiters	-	Rat	Skin - Severe irritant	
-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Skin - Severe irritant	
-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Moderate irritant	3,6, 9-triazaundecamethylenediamine
-	5 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Moderate irritant	
-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Skin - Severe irritant	
-	495 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Skin - Severe irritant	

#### Sensitisation

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Not available.	: Information on likely routes of exposure
Potential acute health effects	
Causes serious eye damage.	: Eye contact
May give off gas, vapour or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the ressystem. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. effects may be delayed following exposure.	
Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	: Skin contact
Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.	: Ingestion
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological charac	teristics
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	: Eye contact
No specific data.	: Inhalation
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	: Skin contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	: Ingestion
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short a	and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Not available.	: Potential immediate effects
Not available.	: Potential delayed effects
Long term exposure	
Not available.	: Potential immediate effects
Not available.	: Potential delayed effects
<u>Potential chronic health effects</u> Not available.	
Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently to very low levels.	exposed : General
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Carcinogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Mutagenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Teratogenicity
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## Section 11. Toxicological information

No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

- : Developmental effects
- : Fertility effects

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

ATE value	Route
38282.2 mg/kg	Dermal

## Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity					
Exposure	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name		
96 hours	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Acute EC50 2000 μg/l	triphenyl phosphate		
96 hours	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Fingerling	Acute EC50 225 µg/l Fresh water			
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	Acute LC50 1000 µg/l Fresh water			
30 days	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Fingerling	Chronic NOEC 55 µg/l Fresh water			
96 hours	Fish - Cyprinus carpio	Acute LC50 175 mg/l	2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)pheno		

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Potential	BCF	LogPow	Product/ingredient name
low low	190.546071796 -	4.63 0.219	triphenyl phosphate 2,4,6-tris
			(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol

#### Mobility in soil

Not available.

## : Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Other adverse effects

#### No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

: Disposal methods



# K.International.

## Section 14. Transport information

IATA	IMDG	UN			
UN3077	UN3077	UN3077	UN number		
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (triphenyl phosphate)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (triphenyl phosphate). Marine pollutant	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (triphenyl phosphate)	UN proper shipping name		
9	9	9	Transport hazard class(es)		
Ш	Ш	III	Packing group		
Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Environmental hazards		
This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6. 1.1 and 5.0.2.8.	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.	Additional information		

Not applicable.

: IMDG Code Segregation group

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

: Special precautions for user

Not available.	: Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
Section 15. Regulatory information	
No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).	: Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

## Section 16. Other information

### <u>Justification</u>

Justification	Classification
Calculation method	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Calculation method	Eye Dam. 1, H318
Calculation method	Skin Sens. 1, H317
Calculation method	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

#### <u>History</u>

01/06/2017

01/06/2017

26/06/2015

: Date of printing

- : Date of issue/Date of revision
- : Date of previous issue

# **X**International

## Section 16. Other information

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: Version ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate : Key to abbreviations BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations Not available. : References Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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