In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substance and Material Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

### Intergard 740 Red Part A

### Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name

: Intergard 740 Red Part A

**Product code** : ECL274

#### B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Professional application of coatings and inks		
Uses advised against	Reason	
All Other Uses		

C. Manufacturer	: International Paint Ltd. Stoneygate Lane Felling Gateshead Tyne and Wear NE10 0JY UK Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111	Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +44 (0)191 469 6111 (24H)	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com	

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Α.	Hazard classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
		Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
		LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

#### B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements :

Symbol



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation.
	Causes skin irritation.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	Suspected of causing cancer.
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



### Section 2. Hazards identification

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements	È	
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
C. Other hazards which do not result in	:	None known.

С classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	Common name	CAS number	%	Classification	
Reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) and epoxy resin, 700 <mol 1000<="" <="" td="" weight=""><td>Reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) and epoxy resin, 700 <mol weight &lt; 1000</mol </td><td>25068-38-6</td><td>≥20 - &lt;30</td><td colspan="2">Skin Irrit. 2, H315</td></mol>	Reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) and epoxy resin, 700 <mol weight &lt; 1000</mol 	25068-38-6	≥20 - <30	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
	0			Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
				Skin Sens. 1, H317	
xylene	xylene	1330-20-7	≥10 - <15	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	
				Acute Tox. 4, H312	
				Acute Tox. 4, H332	
				Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
				STOT SE 3, H336	
				STOT RE 1, H372	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	
	(perolean), light drom.			STOT SE 3, H335	
				STOT SE 3, H336	

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

		•		
				Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
diiron trioxide	iron(iii)oxide	1309-37-1	≥5 - <10	Not classified.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1-methoxy-2-propanol	107-98-2	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336
ethylbenzene	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≥0.1 - <5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304

X.International.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the up eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse minutes. Get medical attention.	
В.	Skin contact	:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing i gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attent event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	t, or wear ion. In the
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breat or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen b personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give n resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison cent If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention in Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, b waistband.	r an appropriate hing is irregular by trained nouth-to-mouth ter or physician. mmediately.
D.	Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victir and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material h swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantitie drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dang induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vor the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery p medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tigl as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	as been s of water to gerous. Do not miting occurs, Get medical anything by position and get
E.	Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediat quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	tely if large
	Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.	
Date	e of issue/Date of revision :	03	3/05/2017 A	kzoNobel

### **Section 4. First aid measures**

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### **Section 5. Firefighting measures**

Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special protective equipment for fire- fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Special precautions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Α.	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
В.	Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
C.	Methods and material for	co	entainment and cleaning up
	Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.



### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large	snill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Α.	Precautions for safe hand	dling
	Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
в.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Α.

Α.	Control parameters						
	Occupational exposure limits	European limite					
	Ingredient name	Exposure limits	Exposure limits				
	xylene	Ministry of Labor 8/2013). STEL: 655 mg/m STEL: 150 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m TWA: 100 ppm 8	15 minutes. ³ 8 hours.				
	diiron trioxide	8/2013).	r <b>(Republic of Korea,</b> (as Fe) 8 hours. Form: (as Fe) 8 hours.				
	e of issue/Date of revision : 03/05/2017 sion 3 :	5/13	AkzoNobel				

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dust with less than 1% of free SiO2
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,
	8/2013).
	STEL: 540 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 360 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,
	8/2013).
	STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

В.	Appropriate engineering controls	:	Ise only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust entilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne ontaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering contro Iso need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive mits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
	Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	

#### C.

Personal protective equi	Personal protective equipment					
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.					
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.					
Hand protection	: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.					
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.					

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	
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: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Α.	Appearance		
	Physical state	:	Liquid.
	Colour	:	Red.
В.	Odour	:	Solvent.
C.	Odour threshold	:	Not available.
D.	рН	:	Not applicable.
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.
F.	Boiling point/boiling	:	Lowest known value: 136.16°C (277.1°F) (xylene).
	range		
G.	Flash point	:	Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F)
	Fire point	1	Not available.
Н.	Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
I.	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)
14			AL /
κ.	Vapour pressure		Not available.
L.	Solubility		Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
	Vapour density		Not available.
Ν.	Relative density	:	1.46
0.	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Ρ.	Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Q.	Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
R.	Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 75 mm²/s (75 cSt)
S.	Molecular weight	:	Not applicable.
	-		

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials



# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

D. Hazardous decomposition products
 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Α.	Information on likely	:	Not available.
	routes of exposure		

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
<u>Over-exposure signs</u>	s/symptoms
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

#### B. Health hazards

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat Rabbit	6600 mg/kg 4000 ppm	- 4 hours
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	17800 mg/kg 3500 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

	•			
			milligrams	
•				

**X**International

#### Sensitisation

Not available.

#### CMR - ISHA Article 42 Public Notice No 2013-38 Occupational Exposure Limits

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Classification
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	Carc. 2

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol ethylbenzene	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 1		Not determined
ethylbenzene	Category 2		hearing organs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Potential chronic health effects

#### Chronic toxicity

Not available.

:

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### <u>ATE value</u>

Route	Result
Oral	26381.6 mg/kg
Dermal	8752.4 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	70.49 mg/l

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Acute EC50 6.14 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fish - Mykiss	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18.4 to 25.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5.1 to 5.7 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours

#### B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	15	low

#### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

#### E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

 A. Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

10/13

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.



### Section 13. Disposal considerations

- **B.** Disposal precautions
- : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ		
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263		
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT 3		
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3			
D. Packing group	Ш	Ш			
E. Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.		
F. Additional information	-	-	-		

IMDG Code Segregation : Not applicable. group

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Α.	Regulation according to	ISH	A
	ISHA article 37 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	:	None of the components are listed.
	ISHA article 38 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	:	None of the components are listed.
	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	:	Not applicable.
	Exposure Limits of Chem	nica	Il Substances and Physical Factors
	The following component Xylene diiron trioxide	s ha	ave an OEL:
	1-methoxy-2-propanol		

ethylbenzene

# Section 15. Regulatory information

	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-3 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)	:	None of the components are listed.
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-4 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene, o,m,p-isomers; Ethylbenzene; Iron oxide
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 12-2 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene; Ethylbenzene; Iron oxide
	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene; Ethyl benzene; Iron and its compounds
В.	Regulation according to C	Che	emicals Control Act
	K-Reach Article 20 (Toxic chemicals)	:	Not applicable
	K-Reach Article 27 (Prohibited)	:	None of the components are listed.
	K-Reach Article 27 (Restricted)	:	None of the components are listed.
	CSCA Article 11 (TRI)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene; Ethylbenzene; Barium and its compounds
	Korea inventory	:	Not determined.
	CSCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	None of the components are listed.
C.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
D.	Wastes regulation	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
E. Regulation according to other foreign laws		<u>er foreign laws</u>	
	Europe inventory	:	Not determined.
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	Not determined.
	Japan inventory	:	Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

12/13

# Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	:	Not available.
В.	Date of issue/Date of revision	:	03/05/2017
C.	Version	:	3
	Date of printing	:	03/05/2017
D.	Other		

:

**AkzoNobel** 

### Section 16. Other information

Indicates information that	has changed from previously issued version.
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

#### Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

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