

: GHS product identifier

: Supplier's details

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Interzinc 22 Greenish Grey Part A

Section 1. Identification

Interzinc 22 Greenish Grey Part A

QHA285 : Product code

Identified uses			
Professional application of coatings and inks			
Uses advised against Reason			
All Other Uses			

AkzoNobel Saudi Arabia Ltd.

PO Box 37 Dammam 31411 Saudi Arabia

+966 55 388 0087

Tel: +966 3 812 1044 Fax: +966 3 812 1169

+966 3 812 1044 : **Emergency telephone**

number (with hours of

operation)

: National advisory body/
Poison Centre (For use only

by licensed medical professionals.)

sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com : e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

Section 2. Hazards identification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 : Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS label elements







: Hazard pictograms

Danger : Signal word

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. : Hazard statements

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)

Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapour. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

: Response

: Prevention

: Storage

: Disposal

: Supplemental label

elements

None known. : Other hazards which do not result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture : Substance/mixture

Classification	CAS number	% by weight	Ingredient name
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	107-98-2	≥10 - ≤25	1-methoxy-2-propanol
Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319	111-76-2	≤11	2-butoxyethanol
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	1330-20-7	≤10	xylene
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	78-10-4	≤6.8	tetraethyl silicate
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	100-41-4	≤2.6	ethylbenzene

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower evelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

: Eve contact

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

: Inhalation

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

: Skin contact

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

: Ingestion

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye irritation. : Eye contact Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

: Inhalation

: Skin contact

Causes skin irritation. : Skin contact

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and : Ingestion

stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Eve contact

pain or irritation

watering redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Inhalation

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue

dizziness/vertigo

muscle weakness

unconsciousness

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation

redness

No specific data. : Ingestion

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Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

: Notes to physician

No specific treatment.

: Specific treatments

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

: Protection of first-aiders

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Suitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet.

metal oxide/oxides

: Unsuitable extinguishing media

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

: Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

: Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

: Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

: For non-emergency personnel

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

: For emergency responders

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

: Environmental precautions

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and : Small spill explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and : Large spill explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

: Protective measures

: Advice on general occupational hygiene

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

: Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits	Ingredient name
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).	1-methoxy-2-propanol
STEL: 369 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.	
TWA: 184 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).	2-butoxyethanol
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).	xylene
STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.	
TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.	

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).

TWA: 85 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

tetraethyl silicate

ethylbenzene

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

: Appropriate engineering controls

: Environmental exposure controls

Individual protection measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before : Hygiene measures eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

: Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

: Hand protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

: Body protection

: Other skin protection

: Respiratory protection

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Liquid. : Physical state

Yellow. : Colour

Solvent. : Odour

Not available. : Odour threshold

Not applicable. : pH

Not available. : Melting point

Lowest known value: 120.17°C (248.3°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). : **Boiling point**

Closed cup: 19°C (66.2°F) : Flash point

Not available. : Evaporation rate

Not available. : Flammability (solid, gas)

Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 23% (tetraethyl silicate) : Lower and upper explosive

Not available. : Vapour pressure

Not available. : Vapour density

1.09 : Relative density

Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. : Solubility

Not available. : Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

(flammable) limits

Not available. : Auto-ignition temperature

Not available. : Decomposition temperature

Kinematic (room temperature): 100 mm²/s (100 cSt) : Viscosity

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. : Reactivity

The product is stable. : Chemical stability

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. : Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

: Conditions to avoid

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: : Incompatible materials

oxidizing materials

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

: Hazardous decomposition

products

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Exposure	Dose	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
-	13 g/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	1-methoxy-2-propanol
_	6600 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
-	917 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	2-butoxyethanol
4 hours	5000 ppm	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	xylene
-	4300 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
-	6270 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	tetraethyl silicate
4 hours	4000 ppm	Rabbit	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	ethylbenzene
-	17800 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	
-	3500 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	

Irritation/Corrosion

Observation	Exposure	Score	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
-	24 hours 500	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant	1-methoxy-2-propanol
	milligrams				
-	500	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	
	milligrams				
-	24 hours 100	_	Rabbit	Eyes - Moderate irritant	2-butoxyethanol
	milligrams				
-	100	_	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	
	milligrams				
_	500	_	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	
	milligrams				
_	87 milligrams	_	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant	xylene
_	24 hours 5	_	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	,
	milligrams				
-	8 hours 60	_	Rat	Skin - Mild irritant	
	microliters				
_	24 hours 500	_	Rabbit	Skin - Moderate irritant	
	milligrams				
_	100 Percent	_	Rabbit	Skin - Moderate irritant	
-	2 hours 2500	_	Guinea pig	Eyes - Severe irritant	tetraethyl silicate
	parts per				,
	million				
_	24 hours 500	_	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant	
	milligrams				
_	100	_	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant	
	milligrams			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
_	24 hours 500	_	Rabbit	Skin - Moderate irritant	
	milligrams				
_	500	_	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	ethylbenzene
	milligrams				,
_	24 hours 15	_	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	
	milligrams				

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Target organs	Route of exposure	Category	Name
Narcotic effects	Not applicable.	Category 3	1-methoxy-2-propanol
Respiratory tract	Not applicable.	Category 3	xylene
irritation			
Respiratory tract	Not applicable.	Category 3	tetraethyl silicate
irritation			
Respiratory tract	Not applicable.	Category 3	ethylbenzene
irritation			

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Target organs	Route of exposure	Category	Name
hearing organs	Not determined	Category 2	ethylbenzene

Aspiration hazard

Result	Name
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	xylene
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	ethylbenzene

Not available. : Information on likely routes

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye irritation. : Eye contact : Inhalation

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

: Skin contact

Causes skin irritation.

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and : Ingestion

stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : Eye contact

pain or irritation

watering redness

: Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue

dizziness/vertigo

muscle weakness

unconsciousness

: Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

No specific data. : Ingestion

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Not available. : Potential immediate

effects

Not available. : Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available. : Potential immediate

effects

Not available. : Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. : General

No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Developmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Fertility effects

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

ATE value	Route	
9170 mg/kg	Oral	
5617.7 mg/kg	Dermal	
52187.7 ppm	Inhalation (gases)	
58.84 mg/l	Inhalation (vapours)	

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Exposure	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	2-butoxyethanol
48 hours	Crustaceans -	Acute LC50 1000 mg/l Marine water	_
	Chaetogammarus marinus -		
	Young		
96 hours	Fish - Menidia beryllina	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	
48 hours	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	xylene
	pugio		
96 hours	Fish - Pimephales promelas	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	Acute EC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	ethylbenzene
	subcapitata		
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	Acute LC50 18.4 to 25.4 mg/l Fresh	
	Neonate	water	
96 hours	Fish - Menidia menidia	Acute LC50 5.1 to 5.7 mg/l Marine	
		water	

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	Photolysis	Aquatic half-life	Product/ingredient name
Readily	-	-	ethylbenzene

Bioaccumulative potential

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Section 12. Ecological information

Potential	BCF	LogP _{ow}	Product/ingredient name
low	-	<1	1-methoxy-2-propanol
low	-	0.81	2-butoxyethanol
low	8.1 to 25.9	3.12	xylene
low	-	3.18	tetraethyl silicate
low	15	3.6	ethylbenzene

Mobility in soil

Not available. : Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Other adverse effects

Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

: Disposal methods

Section 14. Transport information

IATA	IMDG	UN	
UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN number
PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	UN proper shipping name
3	3	3	Transport hazard class(es)
II	II	II	Packing group
No.	No.	No.	Environmental hazards
-	-	-	Additional information

Not applicable.

: IMDG Code Segregation group

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

: Special precautions for user

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Section 14. Transport information

Not available.

: Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

Section 16. Other information

Justification

Justification	Classification
On basis of test data	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
Calculation method	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Calculation method	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Calculation method	STOT SE 3, H336
Calculation method	STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs)

History

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31/03/2017 : Date of previous issue

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ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate : Key to abbreviations

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Not available. : References

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

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Section 16. Other information

Unless we have agreed to the contrary, all products are supplied by us subject to our standard terms and conditions of business, which include limitations of liability. Please make sure to refer to these and / or the relevant agreement which you have with AkzoNobel (or its affiliate, as the case may be).

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