

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## INTERZINC 52 HS PART B

### Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

GHS product identifier : INTERZINC 52 HS PART B  
Product code : EPA476

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Identified uses                               |        |
|---|--------|
| Professional application of coatings and inks |        |
| Uses advised against                          | Reason |
| All Other Uses                                |        |

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Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : +46 8 33 12 31

National advisory body/ Poison Centre (For use only by licensed medical professionals.) : +7 343 229 98 57

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1  
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2

#### GHS label elements

## Section 2. Hazards identification

### Hazard pictograms



### Signal word

: Danger

### Hazard statements

: Flammable liquid and vapour.  
May be harmful in contact with skin.  
Causes serious eye damage.  
Causes skin irritation.  
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)

### Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapour. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

#### Storage

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Supplemental label elements

: Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture

: Mixture

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number | Classification   |
|-----------------|-------------|------------|--|
| xylene          | ≥10 - ≤25   | 1330-20-7  | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2A, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304 |
| butan-1-ol      | ≤10         | 71-36-3    | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302   |

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

|                                       |      |          |  |
|---------------------------------------|------|----------|--|
| ethylbenzene                          | ≤9.7 | 100-41-4 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT SE 3, H336  |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | ≤2.5 | 90-72-2  | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2A, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs)<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304 |
| ethylenediamine                       | ≤2.4 | 107-15-3 | Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Skin Corr. 1C, H314<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317  |
|                                       |      |          | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 3, H311<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Corr. 1B, H314<br>Resp. Sens. 1, H334<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317           |

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

## Section 4. First aid measures

**Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

**Skin contact** : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
wheezing and breathing difficulties  
asthma  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
muscle weakness  
unconsciousness

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flames, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------|---|
| xylene          | <b>РО МинЗдраСоц ПДК (Russian Federation, 9/2011).</b><br>TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: vapor and/or gases<br>CEIL: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: vapor and/or gases |
| butan-1-ol      | <b>РО МинЗдраСоц ПДК (Russian Federation, 9/2011).</b><br>TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: vapor and/or gases<br>CEIL: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: vapor and/or gases  |
| ethylbenzene    | <b>РО МинЗдраСоц ПДК (Russian Federation, 9/2011).</b><br>TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: vapor and/or gases<br>CEIL: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: vapor and/or gases |
| ethylenediamine | <b>РО МинЗдраСоц ПДК (Russian Federation, 9/2011).</b><br>CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: vapor and/or gases  |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- Individual protection measures**
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended : multi-gas/vapour and particulate filter

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Physical state</b>                               | : Liquid.  |
| <b>Colour</b>                                       | : Colourless.  |
| <b>Odour</b>  | : Amine-like.  |
| <b>Odour threshold</b>                              | : Not available.   |
| <b>pH</b>   | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>Melting point</b>                                | : Not available.   |
| <b>Boiling point</b>                                | : Lowest known value: 136.16°C (277.1°F) (xylene).               |
| <b>Flash point</b>                                  | : Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)                                      |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                             | : Not available.   |
| <b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>                    | : Not available.   |
| <b>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</b> | : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 11.3% (butan-1-ol)    |
| <b>Vapour pressure</b>                              | : Not available.   |
| <b>Vapour density</b>                               | : Not available.   |
| <b>Relative density</b>                             | : 0.97   |
| <b>Solubility</b>                                   | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.              |
| <b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>       | : Not available.   |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                    | : Not available.   |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                    | : Not available.   |
| <b>Viscosity</b>                                    | : Kinematic (room temperature): 350 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (350 cSt) |

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Reactivity</b>                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.  |
| <b>Chemical stability</b>                 | : The product is stable.  |
| <b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b> | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |
| <b>Conditions to avoid</b>                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| <b>Incompatible materials</b>             | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:<br>oxidizing materials   |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>   | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.  |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity



## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name                       | Result                 | Species | Dose        | Exposure |
|---|------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| xylene<br>butan-1-ol                          | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg  | -        |
|   | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 24 mg/l     | 4 hours  |
| ethylbenzene                                  | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 3400 mg/kg  | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 790 mg/kg   | -        |
|   | LC50 Inhalation Gas.   | Rabbit  | 4000 ppm    | 4 hours  |
| 2,4,6-tris<br>(dimethylaminomethyl)<br>phenol | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 17800 mg/kg | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 3500 mg/kg  | -        |
|   | LD50 Dermal            | Rat     | 1280 mg/kg  | -        |
| ethylenediamine                               | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 2169 mg/kg  | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 1200 mg/kg  | -        |

### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name                       | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                | Observation |
|---|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-------------|
| butan-1-ol                                    | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 2 milligrams   | -           |
|   | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 0.005 Milliliters       | -           |
|   | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20 milligrams  | -           |
| ethylbenzene                                  | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 500 milligrams          | -           |
|   | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 15 milligrams  | -           |
| 2,4,6-tris<br>(dimethylaminomethyl)<br>phenol | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 50 Micrograms  | -           |
|   | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 0.025 Milliliters       | -           |
|   | Skin - Severe irritant   | Rat     | -     | 0.25 Milliliters        | -           |
| ethylenediamine                               | Skin - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 2 milligrams   | -           |
|   | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 750 Micrograms | -           |
|   | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 750 Micrograms          | -           |
|   | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 450 milligrams          | -           |
|   | Skin - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 10 milligrams  | -           |

### Sensitisation

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name         | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                                     |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| xylene       | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation                      |
| butan-1-ol   | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| ethylbenzene | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation                      |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name         | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | Not determined    | hearing organs |

### Aspiration hazard

| Name                   | Result   |
|------------------------|--|
| xylene<br>ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
wheezing and breathing difficulties  
asthma  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
muscle weakness  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route                | ATE value    |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Oral                 | 7974.6 mg/kg |
| Dermal               | 3192.2 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 34.55 mg/l   |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name                               | Result                                   | Species  | Exposure |
|---|--|--|----------|
| xylene  | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water        | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio                                       | 48 hours |
| butan-1-ol  | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water        | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 1983 to 2072 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 1910 mg/l Fresh water         | Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene  | Acute EC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water          | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata                                | 96 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 18.4 to 25.4 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                      | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 5.1 to 5.7 mg/l Marine water  | Fish - Menidia menidia   | 96 hours |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol ethylenediamine | Acute LC50 175 mg/l                      | Fish - Cyprinus carpio   | 96 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water       | Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa  | 96 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 46000 µg/l Fresh water        | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 1544700 µg/l Fresh water      | Fish - Poecilia reticulata   | 96 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC 160 µg/l Fresh water        | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 21 days  |

### Persistence and degradability

## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| ethylbenzene            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                   | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|---|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene                                    | 3.12               | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| butan-1-ol                                | 1                  | -           | low       |
| ethylbenzene                              | 3.6                | 15          | low       |
| 2,4,6-tris<br>(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | 0.219              | -           | low       |
| ethylenediamine                           | -7.02              | -           | low       |

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.




Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                            | ADR/RID  | IMDG   | IATA   |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| UN number                  | UN1263   | UN1263   | UN1263   |
| UN proper shipping name    | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT  |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> |
| Packing group              | III  | III  | III  |
| Environmental hazards      | No.  | No.  | No.  |
|                            |  |  |  |

## Section 14. Transport information

|                               |                                      |   |   |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| <b>Additional information</b> | <b>Special provisions</b><br>640 (E) | - | - |
|                               | <b>Tunnel code</b><br>(D/E)          |   |   |

**IMDG Code Segregation group** : Not applicable.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product** : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

**References** : STATE STANDARD OF RUSSIAN FEDERATION No. 19433-88 'Hazardous Cargo. Classification and Labelling'  
Labour Code of the Russian Federation No. 197-FZ of 30 December 2001

## Section 16. Other information

### Justification

| Classification   | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3   | On basis of test data |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5   | Calculation method    |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1  | Calculation method    |
| RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1   | Calculation method    |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2             | Calculation method    |

### History

**Date of printing** : 30/05/2017

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 30/05/2017

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 30/05/2017

**Version** : 3

## Section 16. Other information

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>Date of previous issue</b> | : 08/06/2016   |
| <b>Version</b>                | : 3  |
| <b>Key to abbreviations</b>   | : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway<br>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road<br>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container<br>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail<br>UN = United Nations |
| <b>References</b>             | : Not available.   |

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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