SAFETY DATA SHEET

Enviroline 405HTR Dueker Yellow Part A

Safety Data Sheet according to GB/T 16483-2008 and GB/T 17519-2013

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

GHS product identifier Product code : Enviroline 405HTR Dueker Yellow Part A

: NVA473

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| | Identified uses | |
|--|---|-----------------|
| Professional application of co | patings and inks | |
| Uses a | idvised against | Reason |
| All Other Uses | | |
| Manufacturer | : International Farg AB Holmedalen 3 Aspereds Industriomrade SE-424 22 Angered Sweden Tel: +46 (0) 31 928500 Fax: +4 | 6 (0) 31 928530 |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) | : +46 8 33 12 31 | |
| e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS | : sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013 | | |
|---|--|--|
| Classification of the : substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 | |
| <u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms : | | |

Signal word

2

: Danger



Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | Combustible liquid. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. |
| Response | : Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. |
| Storage | : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | : Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. |

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture : Mixture | | |
|---|-----------|------------|
| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether | ≥25 - ≤50 | 28064-14-4 |
| cashew nut shell oil | ≤3 | 8007-24-7 |
| xylene isomers mixture | <2.5 | 1330-20-7 |
| ethylbenzene | <1 | 100-41-4 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact
- : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

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Section 4. First aid measures

| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Seek medical attention. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. |
|--------------|--|
| Skin contact | : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| most important symptoms/ | <u>recto, doute and douyed</u> | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Potential acute health effe | <u>ts</u> | | |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. | | |
| Inhalation | : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. | | |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. | | |
| Ingestion | : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. | | |
| <u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u> | <u>ioms</u> | | |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness | | |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma | | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness | | |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. | | |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary | | | |
| Notes to physician | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. | | |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. | | |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing the person because a statement of the person providing and to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. | t | |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

:

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.



Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| re equipment and emergency procedures |
|--|
| : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. |
| ainment and cleaning up |
| : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |
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Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | | |
|--|---|--|
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| xylene | GBZ 2.1 (China, 4/2007). | |
| - | PC-STEL: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. | |
| | PC-TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | |
| ethylbenzene | GBZ 2.1 (China, 4/2007). | |
| | PC-STEL: 150 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PC-TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | |

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

Individual protection measures

:



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
|------------------------|--|
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. |
| Body protection | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary according to EN529. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | |
|--|------------------------------|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Colour | : Yellow. |
| Odour | : Solvent. |
| Odour threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not applicable. |
| Melting point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: 66°C (150.8°F) |
| Evaporation rate | : Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Not available. |
| Vapour pressure | : Not available. |
| : | |



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Vapour density | : Not available. |
|--|--|
| Relative density | : 1.52 |
| Solubility | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Kinematic (room temperature): 26354 mm ² /s (26354 cSt) |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| xylene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rabbit | 4000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17800 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|----------------------------|-------------|
| xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 microliters | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 Percent | - |
| ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 milligrams | - |

Sensitisation

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-----------------------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Cashew, nutshell liq. | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------------|------------|----------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

of exposure

Information on likely routes : Not available.

| Potential acute health effects | 5 | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Eye contact | : | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |

- Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Short term exposure

2



Section 11. Toxicological information

| | • |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| <u>Long term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health effe | <u>its</u> |
| Not available. | |
| General | : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| | |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value | |
|------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Oral | 19265.2 mg/kg | |
| Dermal | 27863.2 mg/kg | |
| Inhalation (gases) | 113985.9 ppm | |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 278.6 mg/l | |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 38 mg/l | |

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--|--|----------------------|
| xylene | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 18.4 to 25.4 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 5.1 to 5.7 mg/l Marine water | Fish - Menidia menidia | 96 hours |

Persistence/degradability

| Not available. | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
| ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

:

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Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| Cashew, nutshell liq. | >4.78 | - | high |
| xylene | 3.12 | 8.1 to 25.9 | Iow |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 15 | Iow |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) | : Not available. |
|--|------------------|
| | |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | China | UN | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-------------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| UN number | UN3082 | UN3082 | UN3082 | UN3082 |
| UN proper shipping name | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether) | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether) | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether). Marine pollutant | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Packing group | Ш | Ш | ш | Ш |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |



Section 14. Transport information

| Additional | The environmentally | This product is not | This product is not | This product is not |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| information | hazardous substance | regulated as a | regulated as a | regulated as a |
| | mark is not required | dangerous good when | dangerous good when | dangerous good when |
| | when transported in | transported in sizes of | transported in sizes of | transported in sizes of |
| | sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. | ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, | ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, | ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, |
| | | provided the | provided the | provided the |
| | | packagings meet the | packagings meet the | packagings meet the |
| | | general provisions of | general provisions of | general provisions of |
| | | 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4. | 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4. | 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 |
| | | 1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. | 1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. | and 5.0.2.8. |

IMDG Code Segregation : Not applicable. group

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

| Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product | : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients). |
|---|--|
| China inventory (IECSC) | : Not determined. |
| | |

List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

| History | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Date of printing | : 05/11/2018 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 05/11/2018 |
| Date of previous issue | : 17/08/2017 |
| Version | : 3.01 |
| Key to abbreviations | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations |
| References | : Not available. |

Procedure used to derive the classification



Section 16. Other information

| Justification |
|-----------------------|
| On basis of test data |
| Calculation method |
| |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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