# SAFETY DATA SHEET Interplus 770 Off White Part A

## Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier Product code : Interplus 770 Off White Part A

: EPA770

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Identified uses                               |        |  |
|---|--------|--|
| Professional application of coatings and inks |        |  |
| Uses advised against                          | Reason |  |
| All Other Uses                                |        |  |

| Supplier's details   | International Paint (PTY) Ltd<br>1 Paints Place<br>Dickens Road<br>Umbogintwini<br>KZN 4120,<br>South Africa<br>Tel: +27 31 904 8000<br>+27 31 904 8000 (24hr) |  |
|--|--|--|
| Emergency telephone<br>number (with hours of<br>operation) | 10177 (For use only by licensed medical professionals. )   |  |
| e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS          | sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com   |  |

## Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture     | <ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br/>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2<br/>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A<br/>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1<br/>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing<br/>organs) - Category 1</li> </ul> |
|--|---|
|  | LŐNG-TERM ĂQÚATIC HAZARD - Category 3   |
| <u>GHS label elements</u><br>Hazard pictograms |   |
| Signal word                                    | : Danger  |



# Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements           | <ul> <li>Fammable liquid and vapour.<br/>Causes serious eye irritation.<br/>Causes skin irritation.<br/>May cause an allergic skin reaction.<br/>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)<br/>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Precautionary statements    |  |
| Prevention                  | : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not breathe gas, vapour or spray. |
| Response                    | : Set medical attention if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.  |
| Storage                     | : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.   |
| Disposal                    | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.  |
| Supplemental label elements | : Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.  |

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

| Ingredient name  | % by weight | CAS number | Classification   |
|--|-------------|------------|--|
| Øxirane, 2-(chloromethyl)-, polymer with α-<br>hydro-ω-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-<br>ethanediyl)] | ≥10 - ≤25   | 9072-62-2  | Skin Irrit. 2, H315  |
|  |             |            | Eye Irrit. 2A, H319<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Aquatic Chronic 3, H412   |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A-<br>(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin                                    | ≥10 - <25   | 25068-38-6 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315  |
|  |             |            | Eye Irrit. 2A, H319<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411   |
| xylene   | ≤10         | 1330-20-7  | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2A, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304 |

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## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| butan-1-ol                            | <3 | 71-36-3    | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT SE 3, H336   |
|---------------------------------------|----|------------|---|
| ethylbenzene                          | ≤3 | 100-41-4   | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2A, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing<br>organs)<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304 |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder | ≤3 | 14808-60-7 | STOT RE 1, H372   |

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **Section 4. First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

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|-------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact                   | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.  |
| Inhalation                    | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.<br>If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide<br>artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the<br>person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention<br>following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position<br>and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight<br>clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.   |
| Skin contact                  | : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.<br>Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear<br>gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the<br>event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing<br>before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.  |
| Ingestion                     | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air<br>and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been<br>swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to<br>drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not<br>induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs,<br>the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical<br>attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an<br>unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical<br>attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a<br>collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health effects |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact :                  | Causes serious eye irritation.                               |
| Inhalation :                   | No known significant effects or critical hazards.            |
| Skin contact :                 | Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion :                    | Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.                     |
|                                |  |

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### **Section 4. First aid measures**

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

| erer expectate englisher inp |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact                  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness   |
| Inhalation                   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>muscle weakness<br>unconsciousness |
| Skin contact                 | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness   |
| Ingestion                    | : No specific data.  |

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| Notes to physician         | <ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large<br/>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Specific treatments        | : No specific treatment.  |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## **Section 5. Firefighting measures**

| Extinguishing media                            |  |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media                   | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.   |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                 | : Do not use water jet.  |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical     | : Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur<br>and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to<br>sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life<br>with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be<br>contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products       | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide<br>halogenated compounds<br>metal oxide/oxides  |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters   | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.   |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.  |



## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency<br>personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| For emergency responders       | : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".  |
| Environmental precautions      | : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains<br>and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental<br>pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful<br>to the environment if released in large quantities.  |
| Methods and material for con   | tainment and cleaning up   |
| Small spill                    | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures                    | : Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used. |
|--|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.   |



## Section 7. Handling and storage

| Conditions for safe storage, | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved  |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| including any                |   | area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-   |
| incompatibilities            |   | ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name                          | Exposure limits   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| ✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres | DOL OEL (South Africa, 8/1995).                               |  |  |  |
|  | TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable            |  |  |  |
|  | dust  |  |  |  |
|  | TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total                |  |  |  |
|  | inhalable dust  |  |  |  |
| titanium dioxide                         | DOL OEL (South Africa, 8/1995).                               |  |  |  |
|  | TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable           |  |  |  |
|  | dust  |  |  |  |
|  | TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total                 |  |  |  |
|  | inhalable dust  |  |  |  |
| Mica-group minerals                      | DOL OEL (South Africa, 8/1995).                               |  |  |  |
|  | TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable            |  |  |  |
|  | dust  |  |  |  |
|  | TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total inhalable dust |  |  |  |
| va de ne                                 |   |  |  |  |
| xylene                                   | DOL OEL (South Africa, 8/1995).<br>Absorbed through skin.     |  |  |  |
|  | TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                           |  |  |  |
|  | TWA: 435 mg/m 8 hours.  |  |  |  |
|  | STEL: 650 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.                       |  |  |  |
|  | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.                                     |  |  |  |
| butan-1-ol                               | DOL OEL (South Africa, 8/1995).                               |  |  |  |
|  | Absorbed through skin.  |  |  |  |
|  | STEL: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.                       |  |  |  |
|  | STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.                                      |  |  |  |
| ethylbenzene                             | DOL OEL (South Africa, 8/1995).                               |  |  |  |
|  | STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.                       |  |  |  |
|  | STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.                                     |  |  |  |
|  | TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                           |  |  |  |
|  | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.   |  |  |  |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder    | DOL OEL (South Africa, 8/1995).                               |  |  |  |
|  | TWA: 0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable          |  |  |  |
|  | dust  |  |  |  |

| Appropriate engineering controls | v<br>c<br>a | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust<br>entilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne<br>ontaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls<br>lso need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive<br>mits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|----------------------------------|-------------|---|
| Environmental exposure controls  | tł<br>c     | imissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure<br>ney comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some<br>ases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process<br>quipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.  |



## **Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### Individual protection measures

| Hygiene measures       | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before<br>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br>Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash<br>contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety<br>showers are close to the workstation location.  |
|------------------------|--|
| Eye/face protection    | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.   |
| Skin protection        |  |
| Hand protection        | : Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. |
| Body protection        | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.  |
| Other skin protection  | <ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be<br/>selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be<br/>approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>  |
| Respiratory protection | : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.  |

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance Physical state** : Liquid. Colour : Off-white. Odour : Solvent. : Not available. **Odour threshold** pН : Not applicable. **Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point** : Not available. Flash point : Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F) : Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Createst known range: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 6.7% (xylene)         |
|--|--|
| Vapour pressure                              | : Not available.   |
| Vapour density                               | : Not available.   |
| Relative density                             | : 1.53   |
| Solubility                                   | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.              |
| Partition coefficient: n-<br>octanol/water   | : Not available.   |
| Auto-ignition temperature                    | : Not available.   |
| Decomposition temperature                    | : Not available.   |
| Viscosity                                    | : Kinematic (room temperature): 280 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (280 cSt) |

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.  |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.  |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |
| Conditions to avoid                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials             | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:<br>oxidizing materials   |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.  |

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                 | Species | Dose        | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| xylene                  | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg  | -        |
| butan-1-ol              | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 24 mg/l     | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 3400 mg/kg  | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 790 mg/kg   | -        |
| ethylbenzene            | LC50 Inhalation Gas.   | Rabbit  | 4000 ppm    | 4 hours  |
| -                       | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 17800 mg/kg | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 3500 mg/kg  | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                    | Observation |
|---|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Øxirane, 2-(chloromethyl)-,<br>polymer with α-hydro-ω-<br>hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-<br>ethanediyl)] | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100<br>microliters | -           |
| reaction product: bisphenol-<br>A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy<br>resin                                    | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 100<br>milligrams           | -           |
|   | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20<br>milligrams   | -           |



# Section 11. Toxicological information

|              | 0                        |        |   |                           |   |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------|---|---------------------------|---|
|              | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5<br>milligrams  | - |
|              | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 microliters  | - |
|              | Skin - Severe irritant   | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2<br>milligrams  | - |
| butan-1-ol   | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2<br>milligrams  | - |
|              | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit | - | 0.005<br>Mililiters       | - |
|              | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20<br>milligrams | - |
| ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit | - | 500<br>milligrams         | - |
|              | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15<br>milligrams | - |

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### <u>Teratogenicity</u>

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name         | Category   | Route of<br>exposure | Target organs   |
|--------------|------------|----------------------|---|
| xylene       | Category 3 | Not applicable.      | Respiratory tract irritation                            |
| butan-1-ol   | Category 3 | Not applicable.      | Respiratory tract<br>irritation and<br>Narcotic effects |
| ethylbenzene | Category 3 | Not applicable.      | Respiratory tract irritation                            |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name  |    | Route of<br>exposure | Target organs                    |
|---|----|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| ethylbenzene<br>crystalline silica, respirable powder | 0, |                      | hearing organs<br>Not determined |

#### Aspiration hazard

| Name         | Result                         |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| xylene       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

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# Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects



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# **X**.International.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Eye contact  | : Causes serious eye irritation.                               |  |
|--------------|--|--|
| Inhalation   | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.            |  |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |  |
| Ingestion    | : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.                     |  |

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness   |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>muscle weakness<br>unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness   |
| Ingestion    | : No specific data.  |

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

| Short term exposure            |     |   |
|--------------------------------|-----|---|
| Potential immediate<br>effects | :   | Not available.  |
| Potential delayed effects      | :   | Not available.  |
| Long term exposure             |     |   |
| Potential immediate<br>effects | :   | Not available.  |
| Potential delayed effects      | :   | Not available.  |
| Potential chronic health effe  | ect | <u>s</u>  |
| Not available.                 |     |   |
| General                        | :   | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity                | :   | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Mutagenicity                   | :   | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Teratogenicity                 | :   | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Developmental effects          | :   | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Fertility effects              | :   | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route                | ATE value     |
|----------------------|---------------|
| Øral                 | 26762.6 mg/kg |
| Dermal               | 11287.1 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 90.31 mg/l    |





# **X.International**.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                                   | Species  | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--|--|----------|
| xylene                  | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water        | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio   | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water        | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours |
| butan-1-ol              | Acute EC50 1983 to 2072 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 1910 mg/l Fresh water         | Fish - Pimephales promelas -<br>Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,<br>Weanling) | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene            | Acute EC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water          | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella<br>subcapitata                                   | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 18.4 to 25.4 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate   | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 5.1 to 5.7 mg/l Marine water  | Fish - Menidia menidia   | 96 hours |

#### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name                                   | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Peaction product: bisphenol-<br>A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy | -                 | -          | Not readily      |
| resin<br>ethylbenzene                                     | -                 | -          | Readily          |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name  | LogPow           | BCF                    | Potential         |
|--|------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Peaction product: bisphenol-<br>A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy<br>resin | 2.64 to 3.78     | -                      | low               |
| xylene<br>butan-1-ol<br>ethylbenzene                               | 3.12<br>1<br>3.6 | 8.1 to 25.9<br>-<br>15 | low<br>low<br>low |

#### <u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: 01/06/2017

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and



## Section 13. Disposal considerations

runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                               | UN     | IMDG   | IATA   |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| UN number                     | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| IN proper<br>hipping name     | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT  |
| Fransport hazard<br>Class(es) | 3      | 3      | 3      |
| Packing group                 | 111    | 111    |        |
| Environmental<br>hazards      | No.    | No.    | No.    |
| Additional<br>information     | -      | -      | -      |

IMDG Code Segregation : Not applicable. group

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### International regulations

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

: 01/06/2017

#### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

## Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### Inventory list

| Australia | : Not determined. |
|-----------|-------------------|
| Canada    | : Not determined. |
| China     | : Not determined. |
| Europe    | : Not determined. |





## Section 15. Regulatory information

| Japan             | : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. |
|-------------------|---|
| Malaysia          | : Not determined.   |
| New Zealand       | : Not determined.   |
| Philippines       | : Not determined.   |
| Republic of Korea | : Not determined.   |
| Taiwan            | : Not determined.   |
| Turkey            | : Not determined.   |
| United States     | : Not determined.   |

### **Section 16. Other information**

#### **Justification**

| Classification   |       | ion   | Justification   |
|--|-------|---|---|
| Mam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2A, H319<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>STOT RE 1, H372 (hearing o<br>Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | organ | s)  | On basis of test data<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method |
| <u>History</u>   |       |   |   |
| Date of printing   | :     | 13/07/2017  |   |
| Date of issue/Date of revision   | :     | 01/06/2017  |   |
| Date of previous issue   | :     | 24/03/2015  |   |
| Version  | :     | 2   |   |
| Key to abbreviations   | :     | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = Internediate Bulk Container<br>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>UN = United Nations |   |
| References   | :     | Not available.  |   |

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

: 01/06/2017

#### Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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## Section 16. Other information

use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

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