

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Interline 955 Part B

Safety Data Sheet according to GB/T 16483-2008 and GB/T 17519-2013

## Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

GHS product identifier : Interline 955 Part B

Product code : TEA150

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Identified uses                               |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Professional application of coatings and inks |  |  |  |
| Uses advised against Reason                   |  |  |  |
| All Other Uses                                |  |  |  |

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
ORGANIC PEROXIDES - Type D
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms











Signal word : Danger

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Hazard statements**

: Combustible liquid.

Heating may cause a fire.

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

#### Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep only in original container. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

: Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

### Storage

: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store at temperatures not exceeding 25°C/77°F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store away from other materials.

#### Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Supplemental label elements

: Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

# Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Temperature control may be required. Hazardous decomposition may occur.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

| Ingredient name              | %         | CAS number |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Cumyl hydroperoxide          | ≥10 - <22 | 80-15-9    |
| Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide | ≥10 - ≤25 | 1338-23-4  |
| Tert-butyl peroxybenzoate    | ≥10 - ≤21 | 614-45-9   |
| isopropylbenzene             | ≥5 - ≤10  | 98-82-8    |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Seek medical attention. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation**: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Combustible liquid. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. Heating may cause a fire. May re-ignite itself after fire is extinguished. Hazardous decomposition may occur. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid contamination with reactive substances. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid contamination with reactive substances. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Temperature control may be required. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : To avoid the risk of formation of shock-sensitive crystals or loss of stability, it is important to store the product within the recommended temperature range. Temperature control may be required. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store at temperatures not exceeding 25°C/77°F. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Separate from reducing agents and combustible materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Prevent product contamination. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name              | Exposure limits                    |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). |
|                              | C: 1.5 mg/m³<br>C: 0.2 ppm         |
| cumene                       | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). |
|                              | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.               |

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### Skin protection

Hand protection

: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.EN ISO 13688

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved Respiratory protection standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary according to EN529.

> Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : Yellow. Odour : Pungent. **Odour threshold** : Not available. pН : Not applicable. **Melting point** : Not available.

: Lowest known value: 180.6°C (357.1°F) (ethyl acetoacetate). **Boiling point** 

: Closed cup: 64°C (147.2°F) Flash point

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas)

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1% Upper: 54% (ethyl acetoacetate)

: Not available. Vapour pressure Vapour density : Not available.

Relative density

: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. Solubility

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** SADT : 60°C (140°F)

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (room temperature): 101 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (101 cSt)

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

This product, in laboratory testing, either detonates partially, deflagrates slowly or shows a medium effect when heated under confinement.

Chemical stability

: SADT (Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self-accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used for transport. A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at or above the SADT. Contact with incompatible materials, such as

acids, alkalis, heavy metal compounds and reducing agents, will result in hazardous

decomposition.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or

Conditions may include the following:

temperature increase high temperature

Reactions may include the following:

hazardous decomposition

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## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

risk of causing fire

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Avoid increased storage temperature. Drying on clothing or other combustible materials may cause fire.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials combustible materials reducing materials

copper iron rust

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name      | Result                 | Species | Dose        | Exposure |
|------------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Cumyl hydroperoxide          | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 800 mg/kg   | -        |
|                              | LDLo Dermal            | Rabbit  | 1200 mg/kg  | -        |
| Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide | LC50 Inhalation Gas.   | Rat     | 200 ppm     | 4 hours  |
|                              | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 3600 mg/m³  | 4 hours  |
|                              | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 470 mg/kg   | -        |
| cumene                       | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 39000 mg/m³ | 4 hours  |
|                              | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 1400 mg/kg  | -        |

### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                | Observation |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Cumyl hydroperoxide       | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 500                     | -           |
|                           |                          |         |       | milligrams              |             |
| Tert-butyl peroxybenzoate | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams | -           |
|                           | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | _     | 1 minutes               | -           |
|                           |                          |         |       | 100                     |             |
|                           |                          |         |       | milligrams              |             |
|                           | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500            | -           |
|                           |                          |         |       | milligrams              |             |
|                           | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 4 hours 0.1             | -           |
|                           |                          |         |       | Mililiters              |             |
|                           | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 120 hours 0.            | -           |
|                           |                          |         |       | 1 Mililiters            |             |
|                           |                          |         |       | Intermittent            |             |
| cumene                    | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500            | -           |
|                           |                          |         |       | milligrams              |             |
|                           | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 86 milligrams           | -           |
|                           | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 10             | -           |
|                           |                          |         |       | milligrams              |             |
|                           | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100            | -           |

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

milligrams

### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|---------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Cumyl hydroperoxide | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation |
| cumene              | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|---------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Cumyl hydroperoxide | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |

### **Aspiration hazard**

| Name             | Result                         |
|------------------|--------------------------------|
| isopropylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

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### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**General**: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Route                        | ATE value    |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| Oral                         | 1653.3 mg/kg |
| Dermal                       | 5500 mg/kg   |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 2.143 mg/l   |

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                                    | Species                                 | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---|---|----------|
| cumene                  | Acute EC50 2600 μg/l Fresh water          | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 7400 to 11290 μg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Artemia sp<br>Nauplii     | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 30500 μg/l Fresh water         | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate       | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water          | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss              | 96 hours |

### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

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## **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name      | LogPow | BCF   | Potential |
|------------------------------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Cumyl hydroperoxide          | 1.6    | 9     | low       |
| Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide | <0.3   | -     | low       |
| Tert-butyl peroxybenzoate    | 3      | -     | low       |
| cumene                       | 3.55   | 35.48 | low       |

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

|                            | China  | UN   | IMDG  | IATA   |
|----------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| UN number                  | UN3105   | UN3105   | UN3105  | UN3105   |
| UN proper shipping name    | ORGANIC<br>PEROXIDE TYPE D,<br>LIQUID (Methyl ethyl<br>ketone peroxide, Tert-<br>butyl peroxybenzoate) | ORGANIC<br>PEROXIDE TYPE D,<br>LIQUID (Methyl ethyl<br>ketone peroxide, Tert-<br>butyl peroxybenzoate) | ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide, Tert- butyl peroxybenzoate). Marine pollutant (Cumyl hydroperoxide ) | ORGANIC<br>PEROXIDE TYPE D,<br>LIQUID (Methyl ethyl<br>ketone peroxide, Tert-<br>butyl peroxybenzoate) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 5.2  | 5.2  | 5.2   | 5.2  |
| Packing group              | -  | -  | -   | -  |
| Environmental hazards      | No.  | No.  | Yes.  | No.  |
|                            |  |  |   |  |

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#### **Section 14. Transport information** Additional The marine pollutant The environmentally information mark is not required hazardous substance mark may appear if when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. required by other transportation regulations.

**IMDG Code Segregation** 

group

: 16 - Peroxides

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted.

### List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

### List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

#### List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

### Section 16. Other information

**History** 

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revision

Date of previous issue : 04/03/2019

Version : 9

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available. Procedure used to derive the classification

Version

Date of issue/Date of revision

9

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## **Section 16. Other information**

| Classification          | Justification         |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 4, H227      | On basis of test data |
| Org. Perox. D, H242     | Expert judgment       |
| Acute Tox. 4, H302      | Calculation method    |
| Acute Tox. 4, H332      | Calculation method    |
| Skin Corr. 1B, H314     | Calculation method    |
| Eye Dam. 1, H318        | Calculation method    |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317      | Calculation method    |
| Carc. 2, H351           | Calculation method    |
| STOT SE 3, H335         | Calculation method    |
| STOT RE 2, H373         | Calculation method    |
| Aquatic Acute 2, H401   | Calculation method    |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | Calculation method    |

<sup>▼</sup> Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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