

# AKZO NOBEL International Paint (Suzhou) Co.Ltd.

# **Safety Data Sheet**

#### AGA046 INTERCURE 99-4500 PART B

Version Number 4 Revision Date 01/16/19

# 1. Product and company identification

**1.1. Product identifier** INTERCURE 99-4500 PART B

Product Code AGA046

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Refer Technical Data Sheet.

For professional use only.

Application Method Refer Technical Data Sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Importer or

Manufacturer AKZO NOBEL International Paint (Suzhou) Co.Ltd.

No.129 Hongxi Road New District Suzhou, Jiangsu, 215151

China

 Telephone No.
 86(512)66167888

 Fax No.
 86(512)66163911

 1.4. Emergency telephone number (24 hour)
 86(532)83889090

For Poisons Advice telephone For Advice to Doctors & Hospitals only

# 2. Hazard identification of the product

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Sens. 1;H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Resp. Sens. 1;H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms of breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Aquatic Chronic 3;H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 & 12 the product is labelled as follows.



## Danger

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H334 May cause allergic or asthmatic symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### [Prevention]:

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### [Response]:

P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water.

P304+341 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P321 Specific treatment (see information on this label).

P333+313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P342+311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## [Storage]:

#### [Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following hazardous substances.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
HDI homopolymer CAS Number: 0028182-81-2	>50	Skin Sens. 1;H317 Resp. Sens. 1;H334	[1]
Hexamethylene diisocyanate CAS Number: 0000822-06-0	<1	Acute Tox. 3;H331 Eye Irrit. 2;H319 STOT SE 3;H335 Skin Irrit. 2;H315 Resp. Sens. 1;H334 Skin Sens. 1;H317	[1][2]

<sup>[1]</sup> Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence do not require reporting in this section.

#### 4. First aid measures

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

## Inhalation

Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

<sup>[2]</sup> Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

<sup>[3]</sup> PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

<sup>\*</sup>The full texts of the Hazard (H) phrases are shown in Section 16.

#### **Skin Contact**

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

# **Eye Contact**

Irrigate copiously with clean fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.

## Ingestion

If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed and notes for physician

No data available

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing media; alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powder, water spray.

Do not use - water jet.

Note; Fire will produce dense black smoke. Decomposition products may be hazardous to health. Avoid exposure and use breathing apparatus as appropriate.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire by spraying them with water. Do not allow run off water and contaminants from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire will produce dense black smoke. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Avoid exposure and use breathing apparatus as appropriate.

# 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Cool closed containers exposed to fire by spraying them with water. Do not allow run off water and contaminants from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ventilate the area and avoid breathing vapours. Take the personal protective measures listed in section 8.

Contain and absorb spillage with non-combustible materials e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite. Place in closed containers outside buildings and dispose of according to relevant State and Federal regulations. (See section 13).

Clean, preferably with a detergent. Do not use solvents.

Do not allow spills to enter drains or watercourses.

If drains, sewers, streams or lakes are contaminated, inform the relevant Environment Protection Agency.

Empty containers may contain product residues, including flammable or explosive vapours. Do not cut, puncture or weld on or near containers. All label warnings must be observed until the containers have been

cleaned or reconditioned.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or watercourses.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate the area and avoid breathing vapours. Take the personal protective measures listed in section 8. Contain and absorb spillage with non-combustible materials e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite. Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d:0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to any residues and allow to stand for several days in a non-sealed container until no further reaction occurs. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of in accordance with the waste regulations (see section 13). Do not allow spills to enter drains or watercourses. If drains or sewers are contaminated, inform the local water company immediately. In the case of contamination of rivers, streams or lakes the Environmental Protection Agency should also be informed.

# 7. Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Handling

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should only be employed in processes in which this product is used under appropriate medical supervision.

#### In Storage

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water as carbon dioxide may be formed which, in closed containers can result in pressurisation. Care should be taken when reopening partly used containers.

Naked flames and smoking should not be permitted in storage areas. It is recommended that fork lift trucks and electrical equipment are protected to the appropriate standard.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from the following materials: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray mists. Observe label precautions. Use personal protection as shown in section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in all preparation and application areas.

Never use pressure to empty a container; containers are not pressure vessels.

There are no exposure scenarios, see details in section 1.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Store in a well ventilated, dry place away from sources of heat and direct sunlight.

Store on concrete or other impervious floor, preferably with bunding to contain any spillage. Do not stack more than 3 pallets high.

Keep container tightly closed. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in the original container or one of the same material.

Prevent unauthorised access.

# 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Exposure standards are those provided by the ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygenists).

Material Short term (15 min. ave) Long term (8hr time weighted average) Comments

ppm mg/m³ ppm mg/M3

Hexamethylene diisocyanate 0.07 0.02 (as-NCO)

Key to notification

- (P) Peak exposure limit
- (R) Suppliers Recommended Limit
- (Sk) There is a risk of absorption through unbroken skin
- (Sen) Sensitiser
- (Cat1) Category 1 established human carcinogen
- (Cat2) Category 2 probable human carcinogen
- (Cat3) Category 3 substances suspected of having carcinogenic potential

#### **DNEL/PNEC** values

No Data Available

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapour below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operators even when good ventilation is provided. In other operations, if local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the WEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. (See Personal Protection)

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this preparation is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this preparation.

#### **Eye Protection**

Wear safety eyewear, e.g. safety spectacles, goggles or visors to protect against the splash of liquids. Eyewear should comply with an approved standard.

Wear a full face shield if mixing or pouring operations pose a risk of splashes.

An eye wash station is suggested as a good work place practice.

#### **Skin Protection**

Gloves of an appropriate material should be worn during mixing and application.

#### Other

Overalls which cover the body, arms and legs should be worn. Skin should not be exposed. Barrier creams may help to protect areas which are difficult to cover such as the face and neck. They should however not be applied once exposure has occurred. Petroleum jelly based types such as Vaseline should not be used. All parts of the body should be washed after contact.

## **Respiratory Protection**

When concentrations exceed the exposure limits shown above workers must wear appropriate respirators approved in accordance with Directive 89/656/EEC and the Personal Protection Equipment Regulations. Provision of other controls such as exhaust ventilation should be considered if practical.

An air fed respirator must be worn when applying this product in a confined space. Even in open spaces, an air fed respirator should be worn when spraying.

If applying by brush or roller in an open, well ventilated area, air fed respirators could be replaced by a charcoal filter mask.

#### Thermal hazards

No Data Available

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

AppearanceColourless LiquidOdourSmell of SolventOdour thresholdNot Measured

pH N/A

Melting point / freezing point (°C) Not Measured

Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)

Flash Point (°C) 158

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) Not Measured Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable

Upper Explosive Limit: Not Measured

Vapour pressure (Pa)Not MeasuredVapour DensityHeavier than air.

Specific Gravity

Solubility in Water

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)

Autoignition temperature (°C)

Not Measured
Not Measured
Not Measured

Viscosity (cSt) N/A

#### 9.2. Other information

No further information

# 10. Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

No data available

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7). In a fire, hazardous decomposition products such as smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide may be produced.

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials, amines, alcohols and water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols. The product reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of carbon dioxide. In closed containers, pressure build up could result in distortion, blowing and in extreme cases bursting of the container.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May react exothermically with: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from the following materials: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fire will produce dense black smoke. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Avoid exposure and use breathing apparatus as appropriate.

# 11. Toxicological information

### **Acute toxicity**

Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate content of this product, respiratory exposure may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system resulting in asthmatic symptoms, wheezing and a tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to airborne concentrations of isocyanates well below the occupational exposure limit. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Persons with a chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which these products are used.

The preparation has been assessed using the Acute Toxicity Data listed below, and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See section 2 for details.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapour LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr
HDI homopolymer - (28182-81-2)	5,000.00, Rat	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Hexamethylene diisocyanate - (822-06-0)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Item	Category	Hazard	
Acute Toxicity (mouth)	Not Classified	Not Applicable	
Acute Toxicity (skin)	Not Classified	Not Applicable	
Acute Toxicity (inhalation)	Not Classified	Not Applicable	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not Classified	Not Applicable	
Eye damage/irritation	Not Classified	Not Applicable	
Sensitization (respiratory)	1	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms of breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Sensitization (skin)	1	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Germ toxicity	Not Classified	Not Applicable	
Carcinogenicity	Not Classified	Not Applicable	

Reproductive Toxicity	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Specific target organ systemic toxicity (single exposure)	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Specific target organ systemic Toxicity (repeated exposure)	Not Classified	Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard	Not Classified	Not Applicable

# 12. Ecological information

# 12.1. Toxicity

The preparation has been assessed according to the GHS criteria and is not classified as dangerous for the environment.

There are no data available on the product itself.

The product should not be allowed to enter drains or water courses.

# **Aquatic Ecotoxicity**

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
HDI homopolymer - (28182-81-2)	100.00, Danio rerio	100.00, Daphnia magna	100.00 (72 hr), Scenedesmus subspicatus
Hexamethylene diisocyanate - (822-06-0)	82.80, Danio rerio	89.10, Daphnia magna	77.40 (72 hr), Desmodesmus subspicatus

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

# 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available

# 13. Disposal considerations

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not allow into drains or water courses. Wastes and empty containers should be disposed of in accordance with State and Federal regulations.

Using information provided in this data sheet advice should be obtained from the local Waste Regulation Authority as to whether special waste regulations apply.

# 14. Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** Non hazardous

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Road and Rail Transport Non hazardous

IMDG Class/Div Sub Class

reference:

**Ems** 

ICAO/IATA Class Sub Class

14.4. Packing group

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

**Road and Rail** Environmentally Hazardous: No **Transport** 

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No

reference:

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

No further information

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not Applicable

# 15. Regulatory information

This product and all its components complies with the chemical and transport regulations from the country listed in section 1.3.

Other regulatory information specific to the hazardous chemical(s):

None noted.

## 16. Other information

The information on this SDS is based upon the present state of our knowledge and on current law. The product should not be used for purposes other than shown in the product data sheet without first obtaining written advice.

It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to meet the demands of applicable legislation.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required according to legislation.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergic or asthmatic symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

This SDS is valid for 5 years from the revised date on page 1. The revision date is in American format (e.g. MM/DD/YY).

## End of document



All information concerning this product and/or suggestions for handling and use contained herein are offered in good faith and are believed to be reliable. Akzo Nobel however makes no warranty as to the accuracy of and/or sufficiency of such information.