

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substance and Material Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **Bar-Rust 236 Medium Grey Part A**

### Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : Bar-Rust 236 Medium Grey Part A

**Product code** : NDA067

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Identified uses                               |        |  |
|---|--------|--|
| Professional application of coatings and inks |        |  |
| Uses advised against                          | Reason |  |
| All Other Uses                                |        |  |

C. Manufacturer : International Farg AB

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Aspereds Industriomrade SE-424 22 Angered

Sweden

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**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com

### Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A** 

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

**Symbol** 









Signal word Danger

**Hazard statements** Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause cancer.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

C. Other hazards which do not result in

classification

: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

| Ingredient name   | Common name                  | CAS number | %         | Classification  |
|---|------------------------------|------------|-----------|---|
| reaction product: bisphenol-A-<br>(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin | phenoxy resin                | 25068-38-6 | ≥20 - <30 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315  Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411  |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres                        | talc (non-asbestos form)     | 14807-96-6 | ≥20 - <25 | Not classified.   |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder                           | silica, crystalline - quartz | 14808-60-7 | ≥10 - <20 | Carc. 1A, H350  |
| Mica-group minerals   | Mica                         | 12001-26-2 | <10       | Not classified.   |
| xylene  | xylene                       | 1330-20-7  | ≥5 - <10  | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>STOT RE 1, H372 |
| titanium dioxide  | Titanium dioxide             | 13463-67-7 | ≥0.1 - <5 | Carc. 2, H351   |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum),                                    | solvent naphtha              | 64742-95-6 | <10       | Flam. Liq. 3, H226  |

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| light arom.   | (petroleum), light arom.  |            |           |   |
|---|---|------------|-----------|---|
|   |   |            |           | STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 2,<br>H411   |
| butan-1-ol  | butan-1-ol  | 71-36-3    | ≥1 - <5   | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT SE 3, H336   |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder                 | Respirable content of<br>crystalline silica in whole<br>product | 14808-60-7 | <10       | Carc. 1A, H350  |
|   |   |            |           | STOT RE 1, H372   |
| ethylbenzene  | ethylbenzene  | 100-41-4   | ≥0.1 - <5 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>Carc. 2, H351<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>(hearing organs)<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304 |
| Oxirane, mono[<br>(C10-16-alkyloxy)methyl]<br>derivs. | alkyl (c10-c16) glycidyl<br>ether                               | 68081-84-5 | <10       | Skin Irrit. 2, H315   |
|   |   |            |           | Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Aquatic Chronic 2,<br>H411  |

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

- A. Eye contact
- : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- B. Skin contact
- : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.



### Section 4. First aid measures

#### C. Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### D. Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### E. Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

#### A. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable

extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

# B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

#### Special protective equipment for firefighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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# Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

- A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- B. Environmental precautions
- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### C. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### A. Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### A. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name                          | Exposure limits                                      |
|--|--|
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,                |
|  | 8/2013).   |
|  | TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable               |
|  | fraction   |
|  | TWA: 6 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total fiber              |
|  | fiber size less than 5 μm)                           |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder    | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,                |
|  | 8/2013).   |
|  | TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:           |
|  | Respirable fraction                                  |
| Mica-group minerals                      | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,                |
|  | 8/2013).   |
|  | TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable               |
|  | fraction   |
| xylene                                   | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,                |
|  | 8/2013).   |
|  | STEL: 655 mg/m³ 15 minutes.                          |
|  | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.                            |
|  | TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                  |
|  | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.                                |
| titanium dioxide                         | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,                |
|  | 8/2013).   |
|  | TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total dus               |
|  | with less than 1% of free SiO2                       |
| butan-1-ol                               | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,                |
|  | 8/2013). Absorbed through skin.                      |
|  | TWA: 60 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                   |
|  | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.                                 |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder    | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013).       |
|  | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,                |
|  | TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:                       |
| other the engage                         | Respirable fraction                                  |
| ethylbenzene                             | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,                |
|  | 8/2013).   |
|  | STEL: 135 ppm 15 minutes.                            |
|  | STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
|  | TWA: 435 flig/fli 6 flours.                          |
|  | TWA. TOO ppill o flouis.                             |

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# controls

Appropriate engineering : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Environmental** exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### C. Personal protective equipment

#### Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

#### Eye protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### Hand protection

: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### A. Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : Grey. B. Odour : Solvent. C. Odour threshold : Not available. D. pH Not applicable.

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Melting/freezing point : Not available. F. Boiling point/boiling : Not available.

range

: Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F) G. Flash point

Fire point : Not available. H. Evaporation rate : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable)

limits

K. Vapour pressure : Not available.

L. Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

M. Vapour density : Not available.

N. Relative density

O. Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

: 1.6

: Not available.

P. Auto-ignition

: Not available.

temperature

Q. Decomposition

: Not available.

temperature

R. Viscosity

: Kinematic (room temperature): 2624 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (2624 cSt)

: Greatest known range: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 6.7% (xylene)

S. Molecular weight : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

A. Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

B. Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

C. Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

D. Hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely : Not available. routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

: May give off gas, vapour or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory Inhalation

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system.

Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

#### B. Health hazards

#### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name                  | Result                 | Species | Dose        | Exposure |
|--|------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| xylene                                   | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg  | -        |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 8400 mg/kg  | -        |
| butan-1-ol                               | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 24 mg/l     | 4 hours  |
|  | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 3400 mg/kg  | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 790 mg/kg   | -        |
| ethylbenzene                             | LC50 Inhalation Gas.   | Rabbit  | 4000 ppm    | 4 hours  |
|  | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 17800 mg/kg | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 3500 mg/kg  | -        |

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                                      | Observation |
|--|--------------------------|---------|-------|---|-------------|
| reaction product: bisphenol-<br>A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy<br>resin | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 100<br>milligrams                             | -           |
|  | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20 milligrams                        | -           |
|  | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5 milligrams                         | -           |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours<br>500<br>microliters                | -           |
|  | Skin - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 2<br>milligrams                      | -           |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres                           | Skin - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 72 hours<br>300<br>Micrograms<br>Intermittent | -           |
| titanium dioxide   | Skin - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 72 hours<br>300<br>Micrograms<br>Intermittent | -           |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.                           | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours<br>100<br>microliters                | -           |
| butan-1-ol   | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 2<br>milligrams                      | -           |
|  | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 0.005   | -           |

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

|              | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | Mililiters 24 hours 20                  | - |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------|---|---|---|
| ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit | - | milligrams<br>500                       | - |
|              | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit | - | milligrams<br>24 hours 15<br>milligrams | - |
|              |                          |        |   | 9                                       |   |

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### CMR - ISHA Article 42 Public Notice No 2013-38 Occupational Exposure Limits

| Product/ingredient name     | CAS number | Classification |
|-----------------------------|------------|----------------|
| Silica (Crystalline quartz) | 14808-60-7 | Carc. 1A       |
| Titanium dioxide            | 13463-67-7 | Carc. 2        |
| Silica (Crystalline quartz) | 14808-60-7 | Carc. 1A       |
| Ethyl benzene               | 100-41-4   | Carc. 2        |

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name   | Category                 | Route of exposure                  | Target organs  |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| xylene<br>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | Category 3<br>Category 3 | Not applicable.<br>Not applicable. | Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| butan-1-ol   | Category 3               | Not applicable.                    | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects                  |
| ethylbenzene                                       | Category 3               | Not applicable.                    | Respiratory tract irritation                                       |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name  | Category                               | Route of exposure | Target organs                                      |
|---|--|-------------------|--|
| xylene crystalline silica, respirable powder ethylbenzene | Category 1<br>Category 1<br>Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined<br>Not determined<br>hearing organs |

#### **Aspiration hazard**

| Name | Result   |
|------|--|
|      | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

#### Potential chronic health effects

#### **Chronic toxicity**

Not available.

:



## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

**Carcinogenicity**: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **ATE value**

| Route                            | Result                                       |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Oral Dermal Inhalation (vapours) | 17217.1 mg/kg<br>16967.8 mg/kg<br>164.5 mg/l |

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### A. Ecotoxicity

| Product/ingredient name                  | Result                                   | Species  | Exposure |
|--|--|--|----------|
| xylene                                   | Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water        | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio   | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water        | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | Acute EC50 6.14 mg/m³                    | Daphnia  | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 9.22 mg/m³                    | Fish - Mykiss  | 96 hours |
| butan-1-ol                               | Acute EC50 1983 to 2072 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 1910 mg/l Fresh water         | Fish - Pimephales promelas -<br>Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,<br>Weanling) | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene                             | Acute EC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water          | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata                                      | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 18.4 to 25.4 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate   | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 5.1 to 5.7 mg/l Marine water  | Fish - Menidia menidia   | 96 hours |

#### B. Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name                                   | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| reaction product: bisphenol-<br>A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy | -                 | -          | Not readily      |
| resin   |                   |            |                  |
| ethylbenzene  | -                 | -          | Readily          |

#### C. Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                               | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|---|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy | 2.64 to 3.78       | -           | low       |
| resin   |                    |             |           |
| xylene  | 3.12               | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| titanium dioxide                                      | -                  | 352         | low       |
| butan-1-ol  | 1                  | _           | low       |
| ethylbenzene  | 3.6                | 15          | low       |

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# **Section 12. Ecological information**

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**E.** Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### A. Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### B. Disposal precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

|                                  | UN     | IMDG   | IATA   |
|----------------------------------|--------|--|--|
| A. UN number                     | UN1263 | UN1263   | UN1263   |
| B. UN proper shipping name       | PAINT  | PAINT. Marine pollutant<br>(reaction product: bisphenol-A-<br>(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin,<br>Solvent naphtha (petroleum),<br>light arom.) | PAINT  |
| C. Transport<br>hazard class(es) | 3      | 3  | 3  |
| D. Packing group                 | III    | III  | III  |
| E. Environmental hazards         | No.    | Yes.   | No.  |
| F. Additional information        | -      | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. |

IMDG Code Segregation group

: Not applicable.

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### **Section 14. Transport information**

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 37

: The following components are listed: Talc

(Harmful substances

prohibited from

manufacture)

**ISHA** article 38

(Harmful substances requiring permission) : None of the components are listed.

**Article 2 of Youth** 

**Protection Act on Substances Hazardous**  : Not applicable.

to Youth

#### **Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors**

The following components have an OEL:

Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres

crystalline silica, respirable powder

Mica-group minerals

Xylene

titanium dioxide

butan-1-ol

crystalline silica, respirable powder

ethylbenzene

**ISHA Enforcement Regs**: None of the components are listed.

Annex 11-3 (Exposure

standards established for harmful factors)

**ISHA Enforcement Regs** 

Annex 11-4 (Harmful

factors subject to Work

**Environment** 

Measurement)

**ISHA Enforcement Regs**: The following components are listed: Xylene; Ethylbenzene; n-Butyl alcohol

Annex 12-2 (Harmful **Factors Subject to** 

Special Health Check-

up)

Standard of Industrial

Safety and Health **Annex 12 (Hazardous** 

substances subject to

control)

B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

K-Reach Article 20

(Toxic chemicals) K-Reach Article 27

(Prohibited)

: The following components are listed: Talc

K-Reach Article 27

(Restricted)

: None of the components are listed.

CSCA Article 11 (TRI)

: The following components are listed: 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene) bisphenol polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane; Xylene; Ethylbenzene

: The following components are listed: Xylene, o,m,p-isomers; Ethylbenzene;

Titanium dioxide; Talc, non-asbestos form; Mica; Quartz; Quartz; n-Butyl alcohol

: The following components are listed: Xylene; Ethyl benzene; Titanium dioxide; n-

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Butyl alcohol

: Not applicable



## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

Korea inventory : Not determined.

CSCA Article 39

(Accident Precaution

C. Dangerous Materials

Chemicals)

: Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid

: None of the components are listed.

Safety Management Act Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid

Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III

Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

D. Wastes regulation : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

**Europe inventory** : Not determined. **United States inventory** : Not determined.

(TSCA 8b)

Japan inventory : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

A. References : Not available.B. Date of issue/Date of : 31/05/2017

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C. Version : 3

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D. Other

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

#### Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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### **Section 16. Other information**

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